From Aspiration to Accomplishment 8 years
The government led by Prime Minister *Shri Narendra Modi* has successfully completed its *8 years*. The Modi government has worked towards improving the lives of people by enabling progress in every area.

This report details the work completed by the *Ministry of Home Affairs* during these *8 years*, under the guidance of *Narendra Modi ji*. 
Jammu and Kashmir - A new dawn of progress and peace ................................. 05 to 12
Ladakh Steps Ahead - Decade-long desires of Ladakh fulfilled .......................... 13 to 15
Northeast on the Road of Progress - Dawn of peace, stability, and development .......................................................................................................................... 16 to 21
Decisive Battle with left-wing extremism - Rise of peace, stability and development ......................................................................................................................... 22 to 27
Drug Free India - No more Drug Trade .................................................................. 28 to 33
War on Terror - The Policy of Zero Tolerance Demoralised Terrorism ..................... 34 to 36
Strengthening the Federal Structure - Inter-state relationships got better with the policy of solution through dialogue ................................................................................. 37 to 40
Government Strict on Cybercrime - Curbing cyber-crime with real-time reporting, use of high-end technology and creating awareness.

Forensic Science - Justice is inherent in Forensic Science.

Border Security - With a vigilant security system, Indian borders became impenetrable.

Coastal Security - Ever-alert surveillance on waterways.

Disaster Management - Holistic Approach of Awareness, Vigilance, Relief, Rescue, Rehabilitation

Union Territories - Development of Union Territories in the priorities list of the Centre.

Island Area - Prioritising of tourism has opened doors of progress.

Citizenship - Justice to the people who were harassed in the name of religion by settling up pending issues for decades.

Official Language - Special importance to Hindi in all official works.

Visa Process - Verification with the help of technology, procedure has been made easy, going abroad has become easier

FCRA - Better Compliance, transparency and accountability.

Tree Plantation Campaign - Targeted Campaign To Environment Protection

Police Training and Honour - Efforts to improve the Police system through teaching, research, empowerment and security

Delhi Police - The Harbinger of the security of National Capital.

Ministry of Home Affairs - Rapid Administrative improvement toward smooth functioning
**Constitutional Amendment:**
Abolition of Articles 370 and 35A

- **Equal federal rights to Ladakh and Jammu and Kashmir from 5th of August 2019**
- **Merger of Central Administrative officers with AGMUT Cadre**
- **Establishment of Central Administrative Tribunal**
- **One National Flag**
- **Single citizenship**
- **Kashmiri, Dogri, Hindi, Urdu and English recognized as state languages**
- **One Law**

Jammu and Kashmir
A new dawn of progress and peace
Other Improvements

Zero tolerance strategy related to security

| Strict implementation of the law | Modernization and strengthening of security equipment | Hard hit on terrorism and increase in counter-insurgency operations | Try to bring youth power into the mainstream by controlling radicalization | Strict ban on the glorification of terrorists | Introduction of impregnable prisons | Crucial role of Jammu Kashmir police |

Effect of abrogation of Article 370

Lesser terrorist acts, terrorism lost courage

Acts of terrorism reduced to 32%

- 959 (02 October 2016- 4 August 2019)
- 654 (5 August 2019- 6 June 2022)

14% reduction in the death rate of the citizens

- 137 (02 October 2016- 4 August 2019)
- 118 (5 August 2019- 6 June 2022)

52% reduction in the death of security forces

- 267 (02 October 2016- 4 August 2019)
- 127 (5 August 2019- 6 June 2022)

14% reduction in the admission of terrorists

- 459 (02 October 2016- 4 August 2019)
- 394 (5 August 2019- 6 June 2022)

The above data makes it clear that after the nullification of Article 370 security system has become more alert. Acts of terrorism have been reduced. The death of citizens, as well as security forces, has also gone down and the admission mechanism of terrorism has also weakened.

Improvement in Security Conditions

- 60% Reduction in acts of terrorism

- 42% reduction in intrusion of terrorists through borders

- As compared with 2010, 94% reduction in stone pelting in 2021

- As compared with 2004, 70% reduction in the death of security forces
### Tourism Development

A number of steps were taken to develop tourism in Jammu and Kashmir:

- **Jammu-Kashmir tourism policy- 2020 notified**
- **In the first 6 months of 2022, about 80 lakh tourists visited Jammu-Kashmir.**
- **In May 2022 tourist footfall stood at 22 lakh which is the highest number of visitors recorded to date.**
- **International flight from Srinagar to Sharjah started in October 2021.**
- **Night flights also started from Jammu-Kashmir.**
- **The tourism department identified 75 off-beat destinations and is developing basic facilities in them.**
- **Rs.17.44 crores of assistance provided to people connected with tourism industries who were affected due to Covid.**
- **Rs. 42 crores allotted by the Government of India for the development of Hazratbal Shrine.**

### Percolation of the democratic system to Panchayat

- **In Jammu-Kashmir Panchayati Raj Act was amended and District Development Council was created.**
- **In November-December 2018 election was held in 9 phases without any violence and with a 74.1% poll.**
- **In 2019 for the first time in the history of Jammu and Kashmir Block Development Council elections were held peacefully without any violence with a 98.3% poll.**
- **1876 elected members of PRI were trained and taken to an exposure visit.**
- **In the last two years with the help of the local bodies development works of about Rs.1,455 crores have been done.**
- **3,160 works have been completed by the local bodies and 3,200 works are in progress. The completed works have been GO/ JIO tagged.**
- **A provision of compensation of Rs. 25 lakhs has been made, for the financial protection of the families of the sarpanch, panch, and the BDC presidents, in case of death in a terrorist attack.**

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> **Our priority is the development of Jammu and Kashmir…. Neither by abuse by shooting, change will come when we will hug the Kashmiris.**

- **Shri Narendra Modi**
  (Hon’ble Prime Minister)
**Industrial Development:**
1. With central government aid of Rs.28,400 crores industrial development has been stimulated
3. 13 regional policies with land banks to attract investors were introduced.
4. A provision of 6,000 acres of land for establishing industrial estate out of which 3,000 acres have already been identified.

**Prime Minister’s development package:**
1. 63 projects with an investment of Rs 80,000 crores were approved
2. 53 projects worth Rs. 58,477 crores are in progress
3. 29 projects are in completion status.

**Focus on basic structure:**

**Electricity Generation:** Project to generate 5000 megawatts of electricity in the next 5 years is in progress
1. Kiru-HEP project of 624 megawatts with an expenditure of Rs. 4,287 crores is in progress.
2. Kar-HEP Project of 540 megawatts with an expenditure of Rs.4,633 crores will start soon.
3. Shahpur Kundi irrigation and electricity project with an expenditure of Rs. 2,793 will start soon.
4. MPP irrigation and electricity project with an expenditure of Rs. 11,908 will start soon.

**Irrigation projects:**
1. Main Ravi canal project worth Rs,62 crores.
2. Tral lift irrigation project is in its third stage with an expenditure of Rs. 45 crores.
3. The third phase work of flood management on river Jhelum and its tributaries with a cost of Rs 399 crores is completed.

**Expansion of Railway Network:**
1. Work in progress on the Udhampur-Srinagar-Baramulla rail link.
2. With the construction of 3,167 km. of roads, 119 new residential areas were connected.
3. All residential areas with a population of more than 1,000 people are now connected by roads.

**Industrial Development:**
1. With central government aid of Rs.28,400 crores industrial development has been stimulated
3. 13 regional policies with land banks to attract investors were introduced.
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**Local Products Encouraged:**
1. GI tagging for Saffron and Basmati Rice ensures effective domestic and international marketing.
2. Registration process on GI (geographical indications) for Gucchi (Morchella), Solai Honey, Red Rajma and beans in progress.
3. Expansion of apple tree plantation on high density to include mangoes, Lychees, cherries, walnuts
4. Efforts on for betterment of the breed of world-famous pashmina goat through genome Sequencing.
5. Under the banner of National Saffron Mission saffron harvest has been expanded from 0.88 km. per hectare to 1.45 hectare.
6. One District, One Product (ODOP) list has been notified.
Education Facilities and Job Opportunities Ushered in a Ray of Hope for the Youth.

**Historic Rise in number of Educational Institutions:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Medical Colleges</th>
<th>1947-2014</th>
<th>2014-21</th>
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<td>Nursing Colleges</td>
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Employment Opportunities

A new industrial development project has been initiated with the vision to create 4.50 lakh employment opportunities.

Government has constituted Instant Recruitment Committee to maintain transparency in recruitments.

26,330 posts have been identified and recruitment process of non-gazetted and fourth-grade staffs has begun.

Selection process of 11,324 gazetted officers has been completed.

1,37,870 persons benefitted from the self-employment scheme during 2021-22 financial year.

4500 youth clubs established.

4,80,000 women and 56,000 self-help groups were included in Village Livelihood Mission.

Under the banner of Mission Youth, to create permanent employment young people are being provided with small commercial vehicles on zero margin money.

Women entrepreneurs are being trained and provided with financial support under the ‘Tejaswini Programme.’

Young boys and girls are guided for competitive exams by popular coaching institutions under the banner of the ‘Parwaaz’ program.

Training of women entrepreneurs and connecting them with the world market has been initiated by the ‘Hausala Programme.’

New employment opportunities due to opening of cinema halls after 30 years.
The deprived ones got their Rights

After the abolition of Article 370 the scheduled castes/ scheduled tribes, women and senior citizens got all the rights enjoyed by the people in the rest of the states in India.

SOCIAL WELFARE

- The hill community got 4% reservation after the amendment in reservation rules.
- The facility of direct recruitment and entry which was limited to the villagers near LOC only, was extended to the villagers near IB international border as well.
- 10% reservation provided to financially weaker sections.
- Sanitation workers benefitted from the changes in the domicile law as the new provisions allow them to avail of job opportunities in the government sector while opening many other avenues.

SCHEDULE TRIBE

- Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Rights) Law 2006 was implemented.
- In association with TRIFED Pradhan Mantri Van Dhan Yojna MSP for small forest products.
- Students of Gurjar and Bakarwal communities received 100% coverage on pre-matric and post-matric scholarships.
- For the students of the scheduled tribes the target of 100% disbursement through direct benefit transfer will be completed shortly.
- An amount of Rs.31.12 crores has been spent on scholarships for tribal students in the year 2021-22 till now.
- In September 2021 Tribal youths were provided with 800 mini sheep/goat farms for their livelihood.
- Under the Tribal Health Programme the work on the establishment of a network of Tribal Sub-Centers and Mobile Health Centers is in progress.
- Mobile Veterinary Health Programme has started.
- In the financial year 2021-2022, 200 smart schools have been approved in the tribal areas and 6 Ekalavya Model Residential Schools have been initiated.
- The work of establishing 29 cluster model villages is in progress.
Flagship Programmes

**Swachcha Bharat Mission**
Open defecation free Jammu - Kashmir.

**Smart City Mission**
276 Projects approved and 105 of them already completed.

**Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (Rural)**
construction of 83,186 houses has been completed.

**Under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (Urban)**
construction of 16,850 houses.

**Under the Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM)**
all the districts are achieving their targets. Water facilities are being provided to all schools and Anganwadi Centres through pipeline.

**Under the Rashtriya Swasthya Mission (RRHS)**
Vaccination coverage of 96.5% has been achieved and 1.62lacs institutional delivery.

**Under the Pradhan Mantri Matri Vandana Yojana**
benefitted 49,870 persons.

**Under PMJAY**
20.54 lakh families availed of benefits and 252 hospitals have been empanelled.

**17% TARGET ACHIEVED IN INDIVIDUAL BENEFICIARIES PROGRAMME:**

- **Under the Gram Swaraj program** 4 Projects- (Saubhagya, Indradhanush, Ujjwala and Ujala) achieved their targets.

- **5 Scholarship Programmes** target completed as 5.55 lakh students benefitted with this scholarship.

- **PM Mudra Yojana** achieved its target.

- 12.79 farmers benefitted under the KCC programme and in three years and Rs.1975 crores have been transferred directly to the bank accounts of eligible farmers.
Other Improvements

Easy traffic from other states

Travelling has now become seamless after the removal of the toll tax booth at Lakhanpur. Taking permission is not required anymore. Apart from this removal of toll tax from the airport, railway stations, and all check posts has helped in smoothening interstate business.

Tradition of Two Offices Comes Ended

With this change, Rs. 200 crores have been saved and the pressure on the security forces has also been eased. The secretariat of Jammu and Kashmir will be open throughout the year and all the government works will be done smoothly.

Rehabilitation of Migrants and Refugees

Government job to 3000 Kashmiri migrants.

1,739 migrants have been appointed under PMDP-2015 and another group of 1,098 migrants has been selected.

Construction of transit homes for the migrants to be completed by 2022.

36,384 refugees from POJK, Chhamb, and Niyabat have been provided with Rs. 5.5 Lakh per family as one-time financial aid.

About 5,300 families who had left Jammu Kashmir earlier and have returned, have also been identified for similar financial aid.

Financial aid provided by the Indian Government for Refugees from Western Pakistan. The amount of 5.50 lakh per family was given to 5,764 families.
Ladakh was left behind in the development race because of social structure and discrimination from the state governments. But after the abolition of Article 370, it was declared a Union Territory. Now Ladakh is heading on the path of success with special support from the Central Government.

**Prime Minister Development Package (PMDP)**

For the overall development of Jammu Kashmir, our Prime Minister announced the ‘Pradhan Mantri Vikas Package-2015’ (PMDP-2015). A total of 63 projects were included in this package with an investment of Rs. 80,068 crores. Out of these 63 projects, 8 projects bearing an investment of Rs. 21,432 crores are especially for Ladakh Union Territory. And 3 out of 8 projects have been completed and rest 5 are in different stages of completion and will be completed soon.

**Increase in Disbursement of Budget**

To ensure the overall development of Ladakh, a remarkable increase is seen with Rs. 5,958 crores per year, in the years 2020-21, 2021-22 and 2022.

"The abolition of Article 370 of the constitution has ushered in a new dawn for the people of Ladakh. Modi government is committed to bringing the people of Ladakh into the mainstream."

- Shri Amit Shah
  (Hon’ble Home Minister)
Establishment of Sindhu Infrastructure development corporation: With Rs. 25 crores of equity capital, this corporation will strengthen the basic foundation and industrial development.

Work in progress for Ladakh University, new degree college, new airport terminal at Leh and District hospital in Kargil.

Construction of a Multipurpose indoor stadium and ice hockey ring and synthetic track and astro turf made operational in the open stadium at Leh.

50 MW Solar energy projects approved at Phyneg, Leh. Apart from this Indian Solar Energy Corporation initiated a 7.5GW solar energy project.

Health Facilities: SNM Hospital, Leh, and district hospital. Child Hospital ICU with 10 beds at Leh, Adult ICU ward with 10 beds, and facility of 90 beds including 70 beds with oxygen facilities.

Establishment of Central University

91 schools benefitted from the Information, communication and technology (ICT) Lab and smart classrooms.

A Mini Hydro project of 550 MW was constructed.

Electric Transmission Line: Approval of 220 KV intra-state transmission line with an expenditure of Rs.1310 crore. Kargil-Padum Zanskar (207 km) and Phyneg- Diskit- Nubra (100km) schemes also were approved.

(ISWMP) The work on Integrated Solid waste management Plant was completed. This is considered as one of the best innovations of municipal corporation solid waste management techniques in ‘Waste-Wise Cities’ of ‘Neeti-Ayog’.
Snow Clearance Machinery: Snow clearance machinery was purchased with the cost of Rs.30 crores to keep the roads motorable at (NH-301) Kargil-Zanskar road during winter season.

Zozila canal work in progress on Srinagar-Leh Rajmarg.

Helipad and Hanger: Work in progress on 36 helipads and 2 hangers, out of which 18 helipads and 1 hanger are completed.

Road Construction: During the year 2021-22 300 kms of roads were constructed and blacktopping done.

National SOWA-RIGPA Institutions: Revival of the traditional medical system in progress

Laddakh Green House Project: 100 polycarbonate greenhouses were established.

Cold storage Facilities: Construction of 1000 metric ton facility completed.

Job opportunities increased with the opening of 5 New Tourist circuits and 5 New trekking routes.

Approval of Rs.129.50 crores for the development of Changthang region.
**Northeast on the Road of Progress**

**Dawn of peace, stability, and development**

**Challenges**

The development of the North Eastern region had come to a halt after independence due to decades of apathy. The northeastern region got disconnected from mainstream development due to separatists. At this state, a dedicated policy to connect the northeastern region with mainstream development and end violence and separatism was needed. And to strengthen the feeling of unity in the country.

**Strategy**

Just after swearing in as the Prime Minister of India, in the year 2014, Sri Narendra Modi gave a farsighted and clear vision of the ‘Act East Policy’. This was the Central Government’s policy for the overall development of the North Eastern Regions.

Our northeast has something special. The natural beauty of northeast is spectacular and the people here are very talented. Our northeast is now known for its best deeds also.

- Shri Narendra Modi
  (Hon’ble Prime Minister)
Progress of Northeast – It is due to the focused and right policy that since 2014 peace prevails in north-eastern regions. Separatist organizations are also becoming a part of the mainstream. Border conflicts between the states are being resolved. Unrest is diminishing. North-eastern states are once again moving rapidly towards becoming ‘Ashtalaxmi’.

Keen-Eyed Policy Assured Security

In the last 8 years, the Central Government has released 2000 crores of rupees for the rehabilitation of the terrorists who have surrendered to be a part of mainstream society and for different security purposes in the northeastern region. As a result, since 2014 till now almost 6000 terrorists have surrendered and the rate of violence and loss of life and property has deteriorated drastically in the area.

Drastic Reduction in Violence After 2014

- 68% reduction in incidents of violence
- 60% reduction in the death of security forces
- 60% reduction in civilian deaths

Modi government is proceeding by giving priority to three things in all the Northeastern areas-
1) To cherish the dance, music, language, and culture
2) To make the northeast a peaceful area by resolving all disputes.
3) To make it a developed area and bring back its contribution to GDP as it was before independence.

- Shri Amit Shah
  (Hon’ble Home Minister)
Policy efforts taken by the central government, has brought an end to many problems prevailing since many decades. Many problems were solved permanently through communication and compromise and peace and stability was successfully established.

Agreements Opened the Doors to Solutions

**BODO AGREEMENT**

On 27th January 2020, in the presence of Hon’ble Home Minister, an agreement on Bodo issues that were pending for years, was done between the Indian Government, Assam Government and leaders of Bodo community. After the provision of a special development package of Rs.1500 crores 1615 workers of NDFB surrendered and joined the mainstream. As a result, the dispute was resolved.

**BRU AGREEMENT 2020**

In the presence of Hon’ble Home Minister, the Indian Government, Tripura Government and Mizoram government signed an agreement with the representatives of Bru-Riyang on 16th of January, 2020, for permanent domicile of Bru migrants. The rehabilitation issues of 6959 Bru families (37,136 people) at Tripura was resolved with the provision of 661 crores financial help/package.

**KARBI Agreement:**

More than 1000 armed cadres joined the mainstream, leaving behind the path of violence on 4th of September, 2021.

Agreement on suspension of operation between United people’s front (UPF) and KUKI national organisation of Manipur.
The efforts made to bring peace to the Northeastern region resulted in the reduction of disturbed areas that were under armed forces (special powers). Instead of feeling insecure, people in these areas are now filled with aspirations.

- **Assam:** 60% of Assam’s land is now free from AFSPA.
- **Manipur:** 15 Police Stations of 6 districts are now out of the disturbed areas.
- **Arunachal Pradesh:** AFSPA is only in 3 districts and in 2 police stations of 1 district.
- **Nagaland:** The notification of disturbed areas has been removed from 15 police stations of 7 districts.
- **Tripura and Meghalaya:** AFSPA has been removed from both states completely.

**From Insecurity to Aspiration**

The area of AFSPA was reduced, and people felt secure.

**United Liberation Front of Assam (ULFA) (negotiator) And Karbi Longri N.C. Hills Liberation Front** signed a suspension of operation agreement with the Government of India.

**Inter-state Border Agreement Between Assam and Meghalaya**

On 29th March 2022, with a historical agreement on the issues of Assam and Meghalaya border, out of 12 areas, the dispute on 6 areas was resolved.

**NLFT/SD Agreement (2019)**

After the agreement with the provision of a special financial package of 100 crores with the National Liberation Front of Tripura, 88 workers with 44 arms surrendered.
The Northeast could not progress because of troubles, insecurity and hurdles. After 2014, Prime Minister’s ‘Look East’ policy has once again brought North East on the track of progress.

## Budget accelerated progress

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>110% growth in budget:</strong></th>
<th><strong>NEC Allotment:</strong></th>
<th><strong>PM- DeviNE:</strong></th>
<th><strong>National Ropeway Development Programme:</strong></th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>In comparison to Rs. 36,108 crores in 2014-15, the budget grew to 110% in 2022-23 with an allocation of Rs. 76,040 crores.</td>
<td>30% of NEC allotment was allocated to the deprived areas and ignored sections.</td>
<td>With a primary allotment of Rs. 1,500 crores in the budget of 2022-2023 a new policy was initiated for Northeast.</td>
<td>In the year 2022-2023, a tender is proposed for 6 ropeways of 60 km under “Parvatmala” in the PPP mode to connect with other states.</td>
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**Strengthening the Foundation:**
From March 2014 to 2021 total of 2 lakh 65 thousand 513 crores of rupees have been spent for the development of North East.

**Growth in the budget of the Donor Ministry:**
In comparison with 2014-15 there is 65% growth in the donor budget in 2019-2020.

**North East Council Budget Increased:**
In the 14th financial commission the budget for the northeast was increased 1.5 times.

**National Edible Oil Mission:**
The progress of North East smoothened with Palm oil, National Cane Mission, organic farming, and Rs 925 crores for Majuli Project.

**Identification of backward blocks:**
To start with the special time-bound programs 40 backward blocks from 20 districts were identified from all the states of North East.
In the year 2000, the then Prime Minister Shri Atal Bihari Vajpayee established Northeastern Space Application Centre in Shillong with the Space Department. NESAC is being guided by PM Narendra Modi after 2014 to achieve new dimensions.

Between 2014-15 to 2020-21 total of Rs. 39,000 crores have been invested by the Railways for North East.
1. Jiribam-Imphal new line project.
2. To ensure the connection with Bangladesh, the Agartala-Akhaura rail link project is in progress.

Road connectivity Boosted:
From 2014-15 till date about Rs. 48,575 crores have been spent to construct 5,695 km. of road.

Transportation became easier; Distance lessened:

Speed of Railways enhanced:
Between 2014-15 to 2020-21 total of Rs. 39,000 crores have been invested by the Railways for North East.
1. Jiribam-Imphal new line project.
2. To ensure the connection with Bangladesh, the Agartala-Akhaura rail link project is in progress.

34 routes operational under 'Udaan Scheme'.

The Soaring of Progress:

Bharatmala Project:
Out of proposed Project of 5,196 km of road construction, 154 km of road construction was completed.

BHRATMALA ROAD TO PROSPERITY

Aerospace Industry in Northeast

In the year 2000, the then Prime Minister Shri Atal Bihari Vajpayee established Northeastern Space Application Centre in Shillong with the Space Department. NESAC is being guided by PM Narendra Modi after 2014 to achieve new dimensions.

On the instructions of the chairman of NESAC, Home Minister Shri Amit Shah, for the proper use of the Aerospace industry, prepared an outline of the development programs.

103 projects in 13 different areas with a cost of Rs 54 crores is included in this.

Under NESAC construction and revival of 3 thousand ponds in the area have been planned.

NESAC is playing an important role in flood planning in Assam.

Single window disaster management system: To diminish the risk, NESAC has provided with Northeastern regional node for a disaster risk reduction facility. A Single window disaster information system has been made for all types of disasters.

Soil Resource mapping has been prepared. For this, the production of the dashboard system is in progress.

Election E-atlas prepared by NESAC was successfully used in the 2019 election in Manipur, Tripura, Sikkim, Nagaland, Meghalaya, and Mizoram.

For continuous vigilance, NESAC has prepared an unmanned aerial vehicle to use for medicine, food and relief during a disaster.
For the last 4 decades left-wing extremism has become a challenge to democracy. Not only development was stalled but 16,652 security personnel and citizens lost their lives to it.

There is no place for troubles, insecurity, and hurdles in an India proceeding with new resolutions, new targets, and a new vision toward self-reliance. Home Ministry has made a three-dimensional strategy to abolish Left-Wing Extremism to ensure peace, security, and prosperity.

Control extremists with a better strategy.

01

02
Public Contribution to development

03
Better center-state coordination

Rise of peace, stability and development
In the last 8 years, Three-Dimensional strategy of Home Ministry has achieved historic success in controlling left-wing extremism. This success can be understood by these data.

Great Downfall in Violent acts and area Limit of Left Militants in India

Extraordinary reduction in Acts in last 8 years

Comparison of 8 Years (May 2014 to April 2022) verses (May 2006 to April 2014)
Expansion of security range and decrease in militant affected area

From 2019 till now 108 camps have been made in extremist affected areas.
Relocation of camps from time to time after security assessment.
Four new joint task forces (JTF) were established. CRPF Battalions were re-deployed.
6 battalions of central Reserve Force were deputed in Militant affected areas.

Attack Strategy Changed the Scenario

Instead of applying security (defensive) policy against the militants attacking (offensive) policy was applied
To seize the militants, innovative methods of security were implemented.
A combined campaign of 13 days organised in February 2022, in Lohardagga district of Jharkhand achieved success.

“All forms of Naxalite, be it with a gun or pen, has to be eradicated.”

- Shri Narendra Modi
(Hon’ble Prime Minister)
Watchful Surveillance on Funding of Extremism

Property worth Rs. 22 crores were seized by the states, property worth Rs. 3 Crores by the ED, and that worth 5 crores by the NIA was seized by launching an intensive surveillance operation.

Speedy Investigation by NIA

A separate division was created in the NIA to speed up the investigation related to Left-Wing Militants. Till now they have been given 55 cases for investigation.

Special Teams Ready for Special Operation

With the specialization of special teams and knowledge sharing, the Central and State Police Forces built special operation teams.

Importance to Technique, Strong Security Strategy

With the use of the latest technology, mobile location, call description, and social media tracking is done. A strong system is ready with the use of Analysis and Forensic institutions.

Help through airways is now possible

Helicopters have been deputed for help and rescue during operations in the left extremist-affected areas. 14 pilots and 3 engineers have been posted in the last year. A special amount was provided to CRPF to make night landing helipads.
To abolish Left extremism from the root, the central government has worked with the affected states continuously ignoring its political interests and opinion. Keeping politics aside it has continuously tried to be successful in this goal. Central government has provided help to the affected states with armed police forces, helicopters, training, finance for the modernization of the state police, devices and arms, intelligence reports, and construction of fortified police stations.

The Indian government has provided finance under security-related expenditure (SRE) and special infrastructure scheme (SIS) to the affected states to enhance their capabilities and security-related structure.

In the last 3 years, the central government has spent 978 crores under SRE scheme on the affected areas.

In the last 8 years, there is a rise of about 104% in the amount given to the states by the central government under the SRE scheme.

For operations in the affected areas, to strengthen special forces and the special intelligence bureau (SIB) a project of Rs. 371 crores under SIS was implemented.

In the Left extremist-infested areas 250 fortified police stations with a cost of Rs. 620 crores got approved.

Rs.12.06 crores were given for 6 hospitals and 71 crores for ‘help plans’ to the Central agencies.

Modi government is committed to uprooting leftist terrorism.

- Shri Amit Shah
(Hon’ble Home Minister)
The left-wing militants took shelter in some of the very backward and poverty-stricken areas of the country. The militants had manipulated the people who were deprived of basic facilities and had distrust and dissatisfaction. These extremists used people’s dissatisfaction as a shield to fulfil their interests. But after 2014, when the government changed its policies and changed the way to decide on matters related to this problem, now the situation is changing for the better. Today the areas affected by left-wing militias are receiving development projects and the people have started showing trust in the government and system.

In the last 8 years with the cost of Rs.9538 crores, 8175 KM roads have been constructed.

The Postal Department has opened post offices in 90 districts that were affected by left wing-extremism. Now after every 3 kms there is a post office in these areas. In the last 7 years a total of 4903 post offices with banking services have become operational.

From April 2015 till date, in the 30 most affected districts, 1253 new branches of Banks and 1264 ATMs have been established to connect people with banking facilities.

To make communication facilities public-friendly, with the cost of Rs.4080 crores 2343 mobile towers have been established in the first stage. In the second stage with the expenditure of Rs.2210 crores, the work of installing 2542 mobile towers is in full swing.

234 Eklavya Adarsh Aawasiya Vidyalayas in the militancy-affected tribal areas were approved to strengthen primary education. A total of 63 schools have already become operational.

In 47 districts affected by extremism, 47 industrial training institutes (ITIs) and 68 Skill Development Centers (SDCs) were approved, out of which 30 ITIs and 61 SDCs are ready.

With the purpose of building trust and affinity with the security forces, the Civic Action Programme was implemented for the locals.

From May 2014 till date, armed paramilitary forces have spent Rs140 crores on health camps, drinking water, solar light, distribution of medicine, skill development, agricultural equipment and seeds and have provided to local people successfully.

To connect youths with technologies and new experiences of progress a sum of 20.5 crores was spent to take 17,000 of them to big and developed areas, under Tribal Youth Exchange programme. This initiative had a positive effect on the local youth.
Challenge

Drug trade is not a problem faced only by India but is affecting the entire world. Addiction makes the youth a burden on society and its trade encourages crime and terrorism. Modi Government considers addiction a big challenge.

Strategy

In the 75th year of Independence, Home Minister Amit Shah decided that the Prime Minister’s call for Drug-Free India should be a resolve to be met in the ‘Amrit Kaal’. Following this thought, the Home Ministry developed a three-dimensional zero-tolerance strategy on drugs.
In 2019 four level NCORD mechanism was strengthened for better cooperation and synergy. The apex-level committee, executive-level NCORD Committee, state-level NCORD under the presidentship of chief secretary, and district-level NCORD under the presidentship of district magistrate were formed. The Narcotics Control Bureau was made the nodal agency.

Reformation of NCB Cadre

Reformation of the Narcotics Control Bureau to increase its capability and outcomes was proposed. The creation of 682 posts and the construction of 5 new zonal offices have been included in the first stage.

NCORD

JCC Joint Cooperation Committee

To get to the root of the smuggling of narcotics and to investigate the cases related to the large-scale seizure of narcotics, a joint cooperation committee is formed.

NARCO Related National Database

On the instructions of the Home Minister, NCB is preparing a database on narcotics. Narco-funding, narco-terror incidents, trends of smuggling of dopes, and detailed descriptions related to criminals will be included in the database.

Misuse of Prescription for Double use

To control the misuse of prescriptions drugs, a permanent inter-ministerial committee has been formed under the Ministry of Family Health and Family Welfare. Experts related to the farm sector, the medical commission, the narcotics control bureau and the industry have been included in this committee.

Strict Investigation Process for Financial Supervision

For the seizure of money made through narcotics trade and to take action on this, rigorous analysis of financial documents is done. Its work is to find out about money laundering networks, hawala transactions related to smuggling of narcotics. Important information is shared with the concerned agencies.

Strong Organizational Structure

To control drug trade, Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi has emphasized a strong organizational structure. On account of this, the Home Ministry has been continuously working towards institutional restructuring and strengthening of legal provisions.
Strict Vigilance Policy on Sea Route

About 60-70% of narcotic drugs are smuggled through the sea route. The government is taking special measures to stop smuggling through the sea route.

- Special efforts have been made by all coastal states and UTs under this campaign, in which coast guards, navy, port authorities, etc have been made stakeholders at the state-level NCORD committee meeting.
- Measures were taken to ensure that under a comprehensive policy in which proper scanning of all the incoming and outgoing tankers can be done in all ports by these stakeholders
- The Ministry of shipping has been asked to take steps to facilitate equipment related to container scanners.

Coordination with International Institutions

Appropriate coordination is maintained with international agencies like DEA, AFP, NCA, RCMP, etc. It has been very helpful in controlling the international drug mafia.

Drug Network chart and Mapping

To work on the source and destination of narcotic drugs a complete drug network chart is prepared and mapping is also done.

Narco-canine pool

To stop the smuggling of drugs in an effective manner instructions have been made to develop a national-level Narco-Canine pool.

Under the leadership of Modi ji India is fighting strongly against drugs... Modi government will not allow to produce drugs in India, nor will it allow to import or export it.

- Shri Amit Shah
  (Hon’ble Home Minister)
The Modi government has always emphasized inter-departmental coordination to overcome weak laws, lack of coordination and lack of accountability.

### Coordination through four-level formation of NCORD:
Attempts are being made to solve the issues faced by central and state level agencies in operations and also enforcement of laws. NCORD meetings are taking place at all levels regularly. Work is being done to provide prompt information on N-CORD portal about integrated drug data, information management, government orders, related laws, mapping, rules, best practices, standard operating process, court orders and reporting system etc.

### Coordination between Central-level Stakeholders:
Given the importance of a coordination system, the Home Minister has issued instructions to include all other central-level stakeholders related to NARCO mechanism, like Chemical and Fertilizer Ministry, Pharmaceuticals Department, School Education and Literacy Department, the Shipping Ministry, NCRB, the National Investigation Agency (NIA), Indian Coast Guards, DRI and Department of Post.

### Formation of Anti Narcotic Task Force (antf):
The Home Minister had ordered that Anti Narcotic Task Force will work under the ADG/IG of all the states.

### Control of Drugs and Dark-net
Emphasis on information technology to control dark-net and crypto-currency in illegal drugs and instructions issued to develop coordination in the form of SUBMAC.

### Narcotics Training Module
On the instructions of the Hon’ble Home Minister, both BPR &D and NCB together have prepared a national-level Narcotics Training Module. State police, CAPF personnel, prosecutors, and people from different civil departments are being trained.

### Prevention of Farming of Illegal Drugs
Instructions are issued for area mapping through drone satellites and other modern techniques.

### Drugs, Digital and Allied Forensic:
An agreement memorandum was signed between the Narcotics Control Bureau and the National Forensic Science University to find the possibility of cooperation related to drugs, digital and allied forensics. All allied agencies will be benefitted.
Public Awareness Campaign

The central government has taken multilevel steps to make society drug-free through public awareness.

Narcotics Call Centre

‘MANAS’, a National Narcotics Call Centre was formed which is working as a communication bridge between all agencies and the public.

Efforts to Make the Youth Aware

De-addiction centers established in all the main prisons and national level attempts are being made for the awareness among youth and students.

‘Nasha Mukt Bharat ‘Oath Campaign

Hon’ble Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi has initiated a campaign against drug addiction, which is named “NASHA MUKT BHARAT”. It reached the masses through an e-oath campaign.

Changes were seen in the Results

The results of Multilevel efforts of The Modi government in the center is that after 2014 there is 100% increase in the seizure of narcotics and 152% increase in number of cases against the people involved in this trade.

![Table of Changes]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2006-13</th>
<th>2014-22</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total cases</td>
<td>1,257</td>
<td>3,172</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Arrest</td>
<td>1,363</td>
<td>4,888</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seizes Drugs(kg)</td>
<td>1.52 lac kg</td>
<td>3.33 lac kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seized Drugs</td>
<td>768 Crore</td>
<td>20,000 crores</td>
</tr>
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</table>

152% more cases

260% increase in action

More than double

25 times more

2014-22
Special Campaign Against Deadly Narcotics/ Drugs

Through the last few years enforcement agencies are focusing on synthetic drugs like ketamine, mephedrone which are more deadly and powerful along with traditional drugs like marijuana, cannabis, heroine. In the last five years (2016-21), 61 new cytotropic materials were notified. In 2021 Indian agencies seized 14 thousand kg of buprenorphine, alprazolam, and tramadol.

Seizure of Modern narcotic in kilograms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Morphine</th>
<th>Heroin</th>
<th>Ketamine</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2006-13</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>1606</td>
<td>216</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014-22</td>
<td>616</td>
<td>3899</td>
<td>784</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Decisive war against drugs, says Shah

Between 2014 and 2021, contraband estimated at 230,000 crores was seized in the country.
Amendment in NIA Act, 2 August 2019

- New crimes included in NIA jurisdiction
- Expansion of territorial jurisdiction of the NIA

Amendment in NIA Act, 14 August 2019

- Right to seize the Money/property earned through terrorism
- Right to declare a person terrorist

"It is the need of the hour for every section of society that trusts humanity to stand up for the armed forces. Only then can terrorism be combated effectively."

- Shri Narendra Modi
  (Hon’ble Prime Minister)
**Integrated Work Plan to Control Terror-Financing**

**Integrated work plan with 25 points**

Jihad terrorism, Northeastern insurgency, Left-wing terrorism, Kashmir terrorism, FICN, Narcotics Financing, Non-profit organizations, and Hawala

**Integrated work plan to stop radicalization**

| Coordination in efforts for de-radicalization by Home Minister | Strategies prepared by different ministries | Institutional mechanisms were established to keep a vigil on the execution. |

**Revamping Mac (Multi-Agency Centre), Working Multi Agency Centre (Work, Power, and Duty) Order, 2022**

- The area of MAC was expanded and many challenges like cyber-security, narco-terrorism, illegal gunned networks, organized criminal networks, and emerging hot spots of radicalism were added to its area.
- National Memory Bank established and implemented with effect.
- A central database created on the basis of information.

**Other Improvements**

**Special Protection Group (SPG) Act 1988 amended**

Hon’ble Prime Minister Made SPG rules more effective to ensure complete protection

**Amendment in Arm’s Act 1959**

To stop illegal smuggling and use of weapons.

**For Private Areas**

The weapons and ammunition production area was opened for private sectors.

Sikhs for Justice was declared an illegal association

Expansion in the charter of the Police research and development bureau
After 2014 no big terror attacks in Indian Cities

Empowered India: significant reduction in terrorism

(2006 - 2013)
(2014 - 2021)

60% reduction
42% reduction

(2010 - 2004)
2021

Stone pelting incidents
Martyr Police official

Under the new amendment, 38 people have been declared terrorist.

Reduction in shelf-life of terrorists: The shelf-life of terrorists that was about 2 years in 2017-18 has been reduced to a few days only.

Limiting the ability to execute terrorist incidents: Terror incidents that were very high earlier, got limited to 1 or 2 incidents.

Ban on glorifying terrorism.

We will have to unite against terrorism because terrorism is not against any person or government but it is against humanity.

- Shri Amit Shah
(Hon’ble Home Minister)
Inter-state relationships got better with the policy of solution through dialogue

Challenge

The interstate council formed for the center-state relationship was unable to perform because of political differences, opposite ideologies, and a lack of communication. The important matters related to progress, peace, and protection lingered for decades because of strains among the states.

Strategy

Following the mantra of Prime Minister, Shri Narendra Modi ‘Samvaad se samadhan’ in the past 8 years, without any ego or politics, Home Ministry not only got directly connected to states but also tried to come to an agreement with the states on many platforms of the council. Continuous communication with the states resulted in unexpected growth. The Interstate Council is making continuous efforts for its 4/5 aims.

- Cordial relationship between center and state
- A solution to Interstate issues and conflicts through agreements
- Encourage regional support between states
- Provide platforms to all the states of the country for debate and discussion on national issues
- Establish a strong support system among all stakeholders
There is almost a three times increase in the number of meetings held in regional councils after 2014.

After a gap of 10 years, the 11th meeting of the interstate council was held in July 2016 under the chairmanship of the Hon’ble Prime Minister. Four main agendas came out of this meeting.

- Consideration of Punchhi commission’s recommendations on Centre-State relationship
- Use of Adhar and DBT
- Improvement in the quality of education
- To stand against militants and terrorists, improvements in policing, police modernization and intelligence sharing

**Result**

Stepping ahead towards solutions through continuous meetings.

Continuous meetings of regional council resulted in 50% increase in solution to issues.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2006-2013</th>
<th>2014-2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total meetings</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total popular issues</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>507</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total solved issues</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>313</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

350% increase

487% increase

695% increase
Achievements: Solutions Could be Seen

On account of encouragement to open-minded communication by the Hon’ble Home Minister, the solution process to the long pending issues among the states has accelerated.

**The solution to the issues of storage of food grains:**
The issue of discrepancy in standards of storage of food grains was pending for a long time. In a meeting in Raipur, the Hon’ble Home Minister took cognizance of this issue in January 2020 and on 22nd January 2021 issued an amended standard and found the solution to the issue.

**Royalty on Processed Coal:**
Jharkhand government raised an issue of royalty on coal in the 24th meeting of the Eastern Region Council held at Bhubaneswar. On the instruction of the Home Minister, the Coal Ministry did an investigation and came to the conclusion that royalty will be paid on run-of-mine and not on processed coal. A way to solution opened.

**Permission to lay down 132 KV intrastate transmission line (Chandankiara-Govindpur) in West Bengal:**
The decision was taken in the Eastern Regional Council Meeting held at Bhubaneshwar in the presence of the Hon’ble Home Minister with the consent of both Jharkhand and Bengal.

**Swift Transfer of land for execution of central projects:**
In the ‘Setu Bharat’ Project, an issue of 27 acres of security land in Medinipur (West Bengal) for the construction of one road over-bridge was pending for a long time. With the help of the Defence Ministry, this issue was resolved in the meeting presided over by the Hon’ble Home Minister.

**The conflict between West Bengal Malda and Jharkhand on state borders:**
Hon’ble Home Minister initiated this issue which was pending for a long time. Both state governments arrived at a consensus to the proposal for inter-state border demarcation after a joint survey.

**The Pulicat lake dispute between the fishermen of Andhra Pradesh and Tamil Nadu on catching fish:**
The matter was resolved in the 29th meeting of the Southern Regional Council held on February 21st.

**Investigation of antibiotic remains in the export of lobster**
In 2016 many consignments (orders) of lobsters were cancelled by the European Union and Japan due to the presence of remains of antibiotics. Under the chairmanship of Hon’ble Home Minister at the Tirupati meeting of Southern Region Council, a task force was formed to find a solution to this.

**Resolution of the challenges raised by Tamil Nadu in the development of renewable energy:**
A detailed discussion was held on the issue in which the agencies related to the Indian government found its solution after exchange of thoughts and ideas in the Southern Regional Council meeting held at Tirupati.
Sand supply from Tamil Nadu and permission to Puducherry to import sand:
Resolution of the issues between Tamil Nadu and Puducherry.

Members appointed in Bhakra-Beas Management Board:
In the North Regional Council Meeting, Rajasthan Government raised an issue to create a separate post of full-time member in the Bhakra-Beas Management Board. After a detailed discussion with Haryana and Punjab Governments, the Hon’ble Home Minister resolved the issue.

Speedy and Righteous disposal of POCSO issues:
POCSO-related issues to be investigated within 2 months and resolved at the earliest.

Coverage of Bank /IPPB branches within the range of 5 km of villages

Forensic Science Law College:
Efforts to open in all states

UIEDAI database for the verification of sea fishermen:
With the use of QR code enabled PVC Aadhaar card for previous verification of sea fishermen, the chances of fraud was curbed.
Government Strict on Cybercrime

Curbing cyber-crime with real-time reporting, use of high-end technology and creating awareness.

Ensure cyber hygiene of cyberspace

Forensic laboratory Network

Real-time reporting of cybercrime

Ensuring Cyber Hygiene of Cyber Space

Capacity building, Research and Development

Cyber Awareness

In 2017, Home Ministry formed a cyber and information security (CIS) Division

Major tools to fight cybercrime in coordination with Home Ministry States/ Union territories.

Prevention of Cyber-crime against women and children (CCPWC)

Police upgradation project

Indian Cyber -Crime coordination center (14C)

Nirbhaya Fund
To deal with cyber-crime in an integrated and comprehensive manner, the Home Ministry formed a Cyber Crime Coordination Centre (14C). Under this provision 7 institutions with different aims were also launched.

- (TAU) National Cyber -Crime Threat Analytic Unit
- National Cyber Crime Reporting Portal (NCRP)
- National Cyber forensic laboratory (NCFL)
- National Cyber Forensic Lab ecosystem
- Platform for Joint Cyber-crime investigation team
- National Cyber-Crime research and innovation centre
- National Cyber training Centre

Other initiations

- Civil Financial cyber Fraud reporting and management system initiated: National toll-free helpline number ‘1930’
- Centre for missing and exploited children (NCMEC)
- CFSL, National Cyber Forensic Laboratory dedicated to the nation
- 7 JCCT formed for cyber-crime hot spot (Mewat, JamTara, Ahmedabad, Hyderabad, Chandigarh, Vishakhapatnam and Guwahati)
- National Cyber Forensic Laboratory (analysis) formed for Forensic Analysis help.

With the help of ‘Cyber Friend’ developing cyber-crime awareness

Encouraging Cyber Hygiene: 'Annual work programme' is being prepared by the Central Government and State Administration and First Wednesday of every month is observed as 'Cyber awareness day'
Till date, more than 10 lakh cybercrime complaints have been registered. More than 21 thousand FIRs have been lodged on the basis of these cases. More than 9 crore people have used this portal.

Almost 32 thousand complaints registered with Civil Financial Cyber Fraud reporting and management. An amount of 70 crore was saved.

14 thousand Police personnel, legal officers and prosecutors were trained for cybercrime awareness, investigation, forensics etc.

In April 2022, total of 19 illegal URLs were banned.

154 Cyber-crime information shared with states/Union territory areas, LEAs and Central Armed Forces.

Through National Cyber Forensic Laboratory (analysis) till now more than 5 thousand forensic services have been provided.

15 Forensic training labs. established in UP, AP, Nagaland, Punjab, Maharashtra, Kerala, Rajasthan and many other states.

On the recommendation of 14C, 347 Apps were banned for national security reasons.

Free Vast online course - ‘Cytrain’ platform (MOOC) on Cyber-crime Analysis, forensic, prosecution etc. initiated. Till now more than 16000 police officials have registered and more than 5000 certificates issued.

Analytical report on top 50 Cyber-attack Modus-Operandi prepared.
Objective:

To integrate our criminal justice system with forensic science investigation. Make forensic investigation compulsory for crimes that are punishable under the law with a sentence of more than 7 years.

Mobile Forensic Investigation facility to be provided in all the districts.

Maintaining independence, autonomy, and fairness of forensic investigations.

Four-tier strategy in the area of forensic science:

1. Strengthen forensic infrastructure
2. Create manpower of forensic experts
3. Provide forensic technology
4. Encourage research and development in forensic science.

“The fear of being caught and the fear of the proof of the crime committed in the court is very helpful in controlling crime and the role of forensics becomes crucial at this place.”

- Shri Narendra Modi
  (Hon’ble Prime Minister)
Establishment of National Forensic Science University, Gujarat

With the joint efforts of National Forensic Science University and the Director of Forensic Science Services, National Forensic Science Academy is established.

The latest DNA analysis facilities at Central Forensic Science Laboratory (CFSL) Chandigarh

Special units established for the investigation of sexual harassment and murder cases, identification of victims in man-made disasters, fatherhood and mitochondria.

For the cases of sexual harassment, guidelines issued for collection, transmission and storage of forensic proofs

For trainings in the state areas 14,950 proof kits for sexual harassment were distributed.

3 new Central forensic science laboratories.

Indian Cyber Crime Coordination Center (14C) and National Cyber Forensic Lab ecosystem established.

Cyber forensic cum training laboratories established in states.

Rs.203 crores approved to strengthen the capacity of the forensic science laboratory.

National Automated Fingerprint Identification system (NAFIS): More than 1 crore fingerprints record digitized.

The conviction rate will not improve till the process of punishment will not be based on a forensic report

- Shri Amit Shah
  (Hon’ble Home Minister)
Border Security
With a vigilant security system, Indian borders became impenetrable

Our Border Policy

BSF was established, focus shifted on border security, but the development of the people of the border area was ignored.

During Atalji’s tenure focus on border management - one border-one force

Security in the leadership of Modi ji: Development and Democracy

In the first decade of independence, the border area was completely ignored. (PoK, AKSAI CHINA, NEFA)

The integrity of a country depends on the unity of its people. The security of the borders is connected with the strength of security forces.
All the requirements of the daredevils are the country’s topmost priority to keep their spirit high.

- Shri Narendra Modi (Hon’ble Prime Minister)
Clear Policy-safe Border

Strong infrastructure created in border areas

In the villages of Border areas, 100% implementation of welfare programmes

Easy connectivity of border areas with railways, waterways and roadways

Encouraging trade from borderlands

Direct communication with people. People-to-people connect

Main Tactical Decisions

Rapid progress in border infrastructure: fencing, border road, flood lights, BoPs.

The Home Ministry declared an appropriate government for rehabilitation and rearrangement in border security.

Development of border areas: Rapid implementation of Frontier Development Festival, Vibrant Village Programme and Border Area Development Program.

Border Trade: ICPs

Achievements: Clear Policy created outcomes

Fence

A total of 138,754 kms constructed (78.09 kms construction completed) along the Indo-Bangla border including 26.71 kms in Tripura, construction of 60 kms along the India-Pakistan border completed, and 0.663 kms along the Indo-Myanmar borders completed

Border Roads

379.665 kms construction complete {IBB-102.25 km, IPB-60.50 km, INB-164.255 km}

ICBR-I- Out of 25 Road projects, 18 roads (52.66 km) completed.

ICBR – II- Approval granted for construction of 32 roads with a total distance of 683 kms

Floodlight

Constructions completed through 97.1 kms (Indo-Bangladesh-37.1km, Indo-Pakistan 60 km)

BOPs

Construction of 121 BOPs completed {Indo-Bangladesh-89 Nos, Indo-Pakistan-16 Nos, Indo-China-03 Nos, Indo-Nepal-01 Nos, Indo-Bhutan-12 Nos,} Approval granted for 47 new border posts (BOP) of ITBP and 12 staging camps.
For the development of critical infrastructure, construction of 18 feet tracks and other structures was approved in the border areas of Arunachal Pradesh.

In Ladakh ultramodern BOP ‘Lukung Permanent Integrated Building’ (PIB) was completed as a pilot project and ITBP forces have shifted into it.

Construction works on earthen dams of more than 179 kms, metalled roads and checkpoint cum scaffolding cum fighter-bunkers are in progress in Jammu and Kashmir.

The formation process of PMU started for all border infrastructure projects of the Home Ministry for efficient monitoring.

In-principle approval of the construction of 07 Observation Posts (O.P.Tower) in Haraminala and Sarkrik, the areas of Border Security Forces, in the Bhuj Sector at Gujarat border.

9 integrated check posts developed and are operational.
- Construction of Kartarpur corridor.
- Development of 14 integrated heck posts is in progress.
- Petrapole, Raxaul, Sutarkandi and Sabrum land ports are providing multi-modal connectivity for international trade.
- In the last 10 years, the authority has made the cross-border trade of Rs.3 lac crores easier through its integrated check posts,
- In the last 10 years, the trade has seen an average growth of 13%.
- 66 land customs stations will be step by step upgraded into integrated check posts.
- Land Port Management System implemented on land ports for ease of doing business.
- For easy identification of radio-active rays, integrated investigation posts have been upgraded with Drive-Through Radiation Portal Monitors.
- Cargo Vehicle Tracking System based on automatic number-plate recognition.
- Accessibility control and surveillance system established.
Development of Border Areas

In the last 3 years Rs. 1100 crores was given to 16 States and Union Territories that have started BADP. Frontier development started from Kutch.

Vibrant village programme in the recent budget.

100% execution of flagship programmes in border villages.

"Border security is national security because if the border of any state is not secured the country is not secured too."

- Shri Amit Shah
  (Hon’ble Home Minister)
Coastal Security
Ever-alert surveillance on waterways

Waterways Section

Empowering Coastal Security

Smooth execution of coastal security scheme
Security of the fishermen
National Coastal Policing Academy
Communication and Coordination on coastal security intelligence
Joint Coastal patrolling and Patrolling protocol
Smooth Execution of Coastal Security Scheme

Completed in 2 phases.

The Coastal States were provided with 131 Coastal Police Stations, 10 Marine Police Operation Centres, 60 JT, 161 Four wheelers and 242 two-wheelers.

Communication and Coordination on Coastal Security and Intelligence

First National Seminar related to coordination and communication on coastal security information by Coast Guards organised.
The Indian Navy, Indian Coast Guards, state governments, and union territories coordinated with Indian missions based in countries that share maritime boundaries with India.

Joint Coastal patrolling and Patrolling protocol decided upon

Began in an effective manner from August 2020.
To protect coastal water or coastal line, new coastal patrolling/SOP/Pattern/protocol was initiated.

National coastal Policing Academy

Total of 338 coastal police /Customs personnel in the Indian government completed Marine Police Foundation Course in 6 batches in Dwarka, Gujarat

Security of fishermen

Identification of fishermen was made secured through QR code enabled PVC Aadhaar card
Almost 10 lakh Aadhaar cards with QR codes distributed.
More than 3 lakh boats were registered.
By September, 2020 the colour coding process of fishing boats was completed.
1537 fish landing points were identified and surveyed.
SOP decided on the protection of Single Point Moorings (SPM)

The Modi government is continuously working towards strengthening and making coastal security impregnable together with all states of the country.

- Shri Amit Shah
  (Hon’ble Home Minister)
General Information Programme: For this, a task force was formed and a common communication plan was developed.

Preparation of road map for model coastal states to ensure effective protection of coastal sea, coast line and real-time coordination between ICG and Coastal police.

Provisions of Marine incidents were included in Incident reporting system (IRS).

Provision for reporting of maritime incidents has been incorporated in the Incident Reporting System (IRS).

General Information Programme: For this, a task force was formed and a common communication plan was developed.

Guidelines on the security of non-major ports.

Coastal mapping of important properties and points.

Ensuring equal coastal security organizational structure and equal jurisdiction.

Dedicated cadre for coastal security is being constituted.

Seek out technical solutions for vigilance of fish landing.

Maritime Boards being set up in coastal states.

Formation of an Expert committee for the improvement of the Bureau of Port Security.

Guidelines on the security of non-major ports.

Provisions of Marine incidents were included in Incident reporting system (IRS).
**Approach:** An overall and integrated approach towards disaster management under the leadership of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi has been brought to India.

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**Disaster Management**

Holistic Approach of Awareness, Vigilance, Relief, Rescue, Rehabilitation

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**Important policy Decision**

- Early warning and preparation based
- National Disaster Management Plan
- Already deployed Response Force
- Scientific distribution of disaster funds
- Community-based disaster management
- Disaster Risk-Reduction
Prime Minister Narendra Modi launched the National Disaster Management Plan (NDMP) in June 2016.

Horizontal and vertical integration of all the agencies and departments related to disaster management was done and also roles and responsibilities were laid down in a matrix format.

Establishment Of International Disaster Resilient Infrastructure Organisation (CDRI): A 10-point Agenda on Disaster Risk Reduction presented to the world

Establishment of NDRF Academy: Hon’ble Home Minister laid the foundation of NDRF Academy in January 2020, at Nagpur.

Under the policy of ‘advance deployment’ to ensure ‘active availability’ of this force in the states.

- NDRF teams are active as regional response centres in 28 cities across the country
- The presence of NDRF teams and their transport arrangements were made seamless
- Formation of SDRF in all states: The work is complete in 26 states
- Disaster Fund Distribution: Completed through a scientific process

Year 2015-2016 to Year 2021-2022

- Rs.72 Thousand crores under NDRF.
- SDRF Rs.87 Thousand Crores issued.

SENDING PROACTIVE IMCT

- Today, just after natural disaster IMCT is being sent without waiting for the memorandum from state.
- In the last 3 years, 63 IMCT teams have been sent and they have been sent within 10 days.
Common Altering Protocol (CAP): To provide geographical base instant alerts through mobile phones, with the investment of Rs. 354.83 crores started.

Apada Mitra Scheme

Initiative:
1. “Aapada Mitra Scheme” has been implemented in 350 multi-risk disaster prone-districts.
2. Its target is to train more than 1 lakh young volunteers.
3. All the volunteers’ life insurance will be done by the Government.
4. “Apada Mitra Scheme” has been approved with an outlay of Rs. 369.41 crore.

Outcome
1. NDMA has signed agreements with 33 states/Union territories.
2. Training started in Gujarat, Tripura and Uttar Pradesh
3. 3996 community volunteers have been trained.

Empowerment of Indian Disaster Resource Network:
92,127 new records were updated between 1st January 2022 and 19 May 2022
43,965 records were created in April 2022 (government: 37744, PSU: 1333 and Private: 4888)

Indian Universities and institutes were established for Disaster Risk Reduction

After meeting the United Nation’s standards for international disaster rescue, the NDRF is now striving to attain global recognition from INSARAG (International Search and Rescue Advisory Group), which will enable the group to conduct search and rescue operations under United Nation’s mandatory international standards.

Mobile Application:
Weather: Daily weather reports for the general public, forecast and severe weather warnings like cyclones, heavy rain, heat waves, cold waves etc.
MEGHDOOT: For weather dependent agriculture management by farmers.
DAMINI: For Lightening alert
A special app for crowd sourcing information

The Government of India has introduced the Subhash Chandra Bose Disaster Management award.

Lately, under the provision of Disaster Management Act, about 32 guidelines have been made for covid 19 type disasters in the area of disaster management.
The guidelines made in the past two and half years

- Cold wave and frost
- Protection from earthquake
- House owner’s guide to keep the roof cool
- Glacial lake outburst flood (GLOF)
- Action plan with the heat wave guideline
- Landslide Risk
- Disability inclusive disaster risk reduction
- Temporary shelter for disaster affected families
- In 2019, disability inclusive disaster risk reduction guideline

Increase in Financial Assistance for Disaster Management

Comparative figure of Disaster Relief Assistance: Amount allocated by Finance Commission in the years 2005 to 2015 and 2015-2025 and the figure of disaster relief assistance released by the government of India (in crores)

If there is any kind of disaster in any area of the country and the people come to know that NDRF has arrived with SDRF, then half of their tension is released.

- Shri Amit Shah (Hon’ble Home Minister)
Prevention of COVID-19

Since 24 March 2020, the Ministry of Home Affairs has issued orders from time to time for prevention of COVID-19, under Disaster Management Act, 2005.

To economic activities in a graded manner unlock phase related guidelines were included.

The Home Ministry, through the control room, monitored the situation round the clock. Also, the problems related to inter-state movement of people and goods and that related to stranded and destitute ones were resolved.

Played crucial role in the arrangement and operation of 500 oxygen beds in Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel Hospital by the DRDO.

Played crucial role in establishment of 250 bedded 2 temporary COVID hospitals at Murshidabad and Kalyani in West Bengal.

Established 16 RT/PCR testing laboratories in 9 states/UTs.

Data collection of vaccination of frontline workers in the Central Armed Police Force and State Police personnel.

Medical Oxygen supplied.

Crucial decisions were taken related to the supply of oxygen containers within and outside the country.

Amount of Rs.13,693 was allotted under NDMF.
Amount of Rs.32,031 was allotted under the State Disaster Mitigation Fund.

Scientific Processing of Disaster Fund: From 2015-2016 to 2021-2022
Rs.72 thousand crores under NDRF
Rs.87 thousand crores under SDRF

Sensitive Execution By The Home Ministry During Covid-19

Prevention of COVID-19

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UNION TERRITORIES
Development of Union Territories in the priorities list of the Centre.

Our Policy for Union Territories

- **100% completion of flagship schemes in the UTs.**
- **Minimum Government Maximum Governance**
- **Zero tolerance on corruption in all the UTs.**
- **Adoption and implementation of the best practices the Union territories deem best suited for them.**

**Privatization of electricity distribution in Union Territories:**
In Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman Diu and Chandigarh

**Make the service conditions of Chandigarh employees at par with the Central civil services.**
The service conditions of all Chandigarh employees were made at par with the Central civil services.

**Administrative Reforms in Delhi:**
- **Integration of Delhi Municipal corporation:** An important decision for the people of Delhi, to provide them with more transparency, better governance and better public services.
- **National Capital Region Governance (GNCTD) Amendment Act 2021:** To define the roles and responsibilities of the elected government and Lieutenant Governor and to create harmony between the legislature and the executive, the amendment Act was enacted.

The Indian government is trying to develop the union state areas as a model of good governance and development and to make new trendsetters (self-dependent economies) of economic prosperity.

- **Shri Amit Shah**
  (Hon’ble Home Minister)
Home Ministry developed a unified portal to licence food and lodging centres in Delhi. A total 17,909 application have been received on this unified portal out of which 2,487 licence/NOC/approval have been issued.

Establishment of Medical College in Silvassa and approval has been given for 331 posts.

Performance Grading index 2019-2020: Under the performance grading index union territories have shown significant improvement in overall education in their performance in 2019-2020 as compared to their performance in 2018-19.

In the education section, under overall education performance grading index 2019-2020, Chandigarh acquired 1++. Other union territories have also shown improvement.

Important decision taken to separate law and order and investigation on 01.09.2022. An important decision taken for the improvement in quality of investigation and to ensure timely disposal of cases.

Flagship Schemes:

Transfer of 100% funds through electronic mode to all the UTs.

Today, every single adult has a bank account in Chandigarh, DNH and DD, Delhi and Puducherry
The target of 100% electrification has been achieved in all Uts.

The target of 100% coverage of distribution of LPG gas under Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala scheme has been achieved in Ladakh, Jammu and Kashmir, Delhi, A&NI and Chandigarh.

Under ‘Swachh Bharat Mission’ (Urban) door to door garbage collection is being done in Andaman and Nicobar, Chandigarh, Dadra and Nagar Haveli, DNH and DD, Puducherry and Ladakh.

In the same manner, there is 100% source segregation in A&NI, Chandigarh, DNH & DD, Puducherry and Ladakh.

Under ‘Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Anna Yojana, beneficiaries of the National food Security Act (NFSA) have been provided with free food grains in addition to their monthly allotted NFSA food grain.

In the fifth phase of the scheme, more than 98% food grains were distributed in Chandigarh. In the sixth phase the target of 92.5% has been achieved and is still on.

In the same manner, based on (DBT) Direct Benefit Transfer 2.76 lakh beneficiaries have received the facility of one nation one ration card (ONORC).
Island Area
Prioritising of tourism has opened doors of progress

Policy

100% fulfilment of main flagship projects.

Digital Broad Band Connectivity

Focus on Great Nicobar and Little Andaman

Ensuring all-time air- connectivity

Development of Ecotourism Projects

Development of Ecotourism

Andaman and Nicobar Islands
In -Principle approval was given for the development of four tourism projects at Lalaji Bay Long Island, Aves Island, Smith Island and Shahid Dweep.

Lakshadweep: In principle approval for three islands-Minicoy, Kadmat and Suheli.

Achievements

Development of Ecotourism Connectivity

The satellite bandwidth of 2.11GBPS was increased to 4 GBPS in Adman and Nicobar.

Kochi Lakshadweep islands submarine optical fibre Project (KLI Project): The target is to complete this project by May 2023.

Digital Broad Band Connectivity

Development and operation of Alternative airports

Andaman and Nicobar: Diglipur, Andaman: Financial approval of 1.67 crores per year.

Sibpur, Nicobar: Basic foundation ready

Greenfield Airport in Port Blair

Greenfield Airport at Great Nicobar Islands

Civil enclave at kar Nicobar

Lakshadweep: Upgradation of Agatti airport
Overall development of great Nicobar and little Andaman:
International Container trans-shipment Terminal (ICCT) Airport, power plant and township Project. 100% implementation of main flagship Projects

100% fulfilment of main flagship Projects

09 Major Flagship/Welfare/Development Projects were fully implemented by UTs.
Swachh Bharat Mission (Rural)
Minimum use of single-use plastic (notification issued)
DBT (Transfer of funds through electronic mode)
Establishment of Health and Wellness Centre
One Nation One Ration Card (ONORC) (Implementation started)
Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Ann Yojna (PMGKAY) (Phase -IV)
Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojna (LPG Coverage)
Saubhagya Yojna
Broad band connectivity provided in the Uts.
Citizenship Amendment Act, 2019

As the implementation comes into force on 10th January 2020, it will benefit the Hindu, Sikh, Buddhist, Jain, Parsi and Christian immigrants from Afghanistan, Pakistan and Bangladesh who were compelled to take refuge in India due to harassment on religious grounds.

And to those who have entered India by 31st December 2014, without valid documents or with valid documents but the validity of those period has expired.

In respect of all the 6 abovementioned communities, irrespective of their date of entry in India, the period of nationalization has been reduced to 6 years from 12 years.

Any pending proceeding related to illegal migration shall stand terminated on the granting of citizenship to such people.

Other Decisions

The power of the Central Government to register someone as a citizen of India or issue a certificate of Nationality under Article 6 has been delegated to 29 Districts and 9 states, in case of any person of the minority community of Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Pakistan.
The use of Hindi in the work of different ministries and departments has increased rapidly. The Hon’ble Ministers do their maximum work in Hindi in many Ministries. Maximum work is done in Hindi in Home Ministry too.

First All India State Language Conference was held successfully from 13th 14th of November in 2021 at Varanasi. After the formation of the new government in the year 2019, 49 out of 56 ministries constituted Hindi advisory committees and regular meetings of these committees were held. The State Language Department has prepared educational packages- ‘Leela Rajbhasha’ and ‘Leela Pravah’, through which Hindi can be learnt in 14 Indian Languages.

Memory based translation software “KANTHAST” has been developed and its global database has about 22 lac sentences at present. About 90 thousand words of 8 subjects have been included in the department’s mobile app “e-Mahashabdakosh”.

The work of making a comprehensive dictionary is also in progress. 9 thousand sentences are included in ‘e-saral’ Hindi dictionary.

Till now almost 526 state language implementation committees have been formed in different cities throughout the country to enhance the use of Hindi. State Language Committees have also been set up in foreign countries like London, Singapore, Fiji, Dubai and Port Louis.

The Parliamentary State Language Committee has submitted a 10-section recommendation to the president. First technical conference was organised for the officials of the Central Secretariat working in the State Language Service category.

Inauguration of ‘compilation of orders’ related to state language.
Achievements related to Training, Translation and Inspection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>हिंदी भाषा</th>
<th>संशोधन और प्रवाहित शिक्षा की संख्या</th>
<th>परिचिति</th>
<th>संशोधन की संख्या</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>52,136</td>
<td>हिंदी भाषा</td>
<td>509</td>
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<tr>
<td>हिंदी भाषा</td>
<td>12,921 है।</td>
<td>हिंदी भाषा</td>
<td>4,303 है।</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>हिंदी भाषा</td>
<td>60,997 है।</td>
<td>हिंदी भाषा</td>
<td>2,495 है।</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>हिंदी भाषा</td>
<td>1573 है।</td>
<td>हिंदी भाषा</td>
<td>953 है।</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rajbhasha Hindi is not a competitor of any local language but is a companion. If Hindi will prosper all local languages will prosper and the prosperity of Hindi lies in the prosperity of local languages.

- Shri Amit Shah
  (Hon’ble Home Minister)
Trusted Traveller Programme:
1. Providing quick immigration routes to pre-verified travellers.
2. Pilot based trusted passenger programme is to be launched at Delhi and Mumbai by 2023. Target to cover 15 International Airports by 2027 and rest airports and major seaports to be covered by 2032.
3. e-gates established: On pilot basis, 2 arrays of e-gates, one each for arrival and departure at IGI Airport.

Introduction of Electronic Visa (e-Visa) and Visa on arrival
1. Make entry easier for foreign citizens through visa. At present foreigners from 156 countries can take e-visa for business, medical treatment, medical attendance and conference purposes.
2. Visa on Arrival facilities have been extended to the citizens of Japan, South Korea and United Arab Emirates for business, tourism, conferences and medical purposes.

Liberalization of Indian Visa System
The number of major categories of visa was reduced from 26 to 21. And the number of subcategories were reduced from 104 to 65.

Visa Manual Updated

Launch of mobile App-SU-SWAGATAM (Bharat Yatra)
1. One stop availability of visa related services and other relevant information.
2. Su-swagatam (India Visit) named mobile app has been developed which has been launched for the citizens of 60 nations.

Immigration Visa and registration of foreign citizens and tracking (IVFRT) Project
1. Throughout the country in 12 EFRRO and 704 FRO, the Centralized foreign registration office module (e-FRRO) has been initiated.
2. So far, it has been implemented in 184 missions abroad.
3. This system is now operational with 108 ICP.
E-tourist Visa has been introduced for the period of 5 years with multiple entries.

Belarus, Benin, Ectorial (Guyana) and Togo are included in the list of receiving e-visa.

Now the total number of countries to receive the facility of e-visa has gone up to 171.

Su-swagatam mobile app started for the citizens of 60 countries.

Extension of tourist/e-tourist visa (at one time for two months free basis) waiver of overstay and exit permit provided free of cost to the citizens of Ukraine as a goodwill gesture.

Keeping in view the unusual political circumstances e-emergency X-Misc visa was introduced in August 2021 for the citizens of Afghanistan.

123 new peaks were opened to promote adventure tourism (Opened in Uttarakhand, Sikkim, Jammu-Kashmir and Himachal Pradesh for foreign nationals to obtain visas for trekking and mountaineering.)

E-conference visa introduced to promote trade and investment for private individuals/companies/organizations.

Visa Wing: cases cleared between 01.06.2019 to 28.02.2022

PRC Cases (Prior Referral Category) 73,597 (up to 28.02.2022)

e-FRRO cases : (E-Foreign Regional Registration Offices) : 7,079
**FCRA**

Better Compliance, transparency and accountability

The amendment will help in effective monitoring of receipt and utilization of foreign contribution.

To ensure better compliance, transparency and accountability as well as adherence to declared and legitimate objectives.

Provision of Aadhar number of all key functionaries.

Made it mandatory to open FCRA account in SBI main Branch, in New Delhi.

Complete ban on transfer of foreign contribution.

Accurate identification of office bearers to be ensured.

Administrative expenditure limit reduced from 50% to 20%.

Eliminate the possibility of bename /fake admission and also reduction of expenditure on unproductive matters like increased salary of employees, Huge bungalows and cars.
Mandatory for registered associations to submit relevant details of the data of change of their officials/ key office bearers through online application.

The facility of voluntary surrender of foreign contribution registration was given to NGOs.

It has been made mandatory for every FCRA-registered NGO/Association to submit an annual return for every financial year within a stipulated time period.

Complete details of FCRA Registration, Renewal and Disposal of prior permission application (from 01.06.2019-30.04.2022)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Provided</th>
<th>Rejected</th>
<th>Closed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Registration</td>
<td>570</td>
<td>2821</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Renewal</td>
<td>3766</td>
<td>738</td>
<td>198</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Prior Permission</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>291</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Hospitality</td>
<td>4384</td>
<td>241</td>
<td>601</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>13,757</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Nature of Cases

- Suspended or cancelled non-government organizations: Suspended-52 | Cancelled-1816
- Ordered prosecution/investigation: 01
- Compounding of FCRA offense: 201
- Inspection/Audit of FCRA registered association: 335
- Sanction of prosecution: 04
According to Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi, we Indians belong to a culture where harmony with nature is at the centre of our thought. Today India is leading the world in Environment Conservation under the leadership of the Prime Minister. Taking forward the idea of the Prime Minister, with the help of the armed forces, the Hon’ble Home Minister made a project for tree plantation. The target of this project is to plant one crore trees every year.

**Plantation exceeding the target**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Plants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>1,47,38,040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>1,07,21,245</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>2,54,59,285</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Selected plants should be indigenous as well as beneficial for health purposes like Neem, Tamarind, Peepal, Sheesham, Banyan, etc.

The age of the trees should be 10 to 100 years.

The Home Minister himself went to different parts of the country to participate in the campaign and encourage the security forces. The responsibility of looking after the trees planted by the Home Minister has been entrusted to the concerned commanding officer, and the update on the same is taken by the Home Minister on a regular basis.

*It's the emotion that is a part of our life to worship trees and plants, seasons to celebrate as festivals, to talk about relations with nature in lullabies and folklore, we have always accepted nature as alive, compossible.*

- Shri Narendra Modi
  (Hon’ble Prime Minister)
Special attention was paid to **carbon sequestration** in this campaign.

**Sohra, Cherapunji Plantation:** In the year 2021 Assam Rifles adopted Cherrapunji area and initiated tree plantation in Sohra plateau to make it green again. The target is to plant a million trees on 100 hectares of land in three years.

### Future Action Plan:

The Hon'ble Home Minister has requested the director generals to keep track of the growth of the planted trees during the 2-year-long campaign.

The plantation teams involved in the **plantation drive** are constantly taking care of these plants. If a plant gets damaged or dries for any reason it is replaced with a new plant.

Team-wise responsibilities have been assigned for the upkeep of these plants till they take the shape of fully-grown trees.

"We should utilize natural resources but not over-exploit them. Because of indiscriminate development, global warming and temperature change have become two such dangers in the world today that no country will need any other enemy. To protect the environment, planting trees is the only solution."

- Shri Amit Shah  
  (Hon'ble Home Minister)
Police Training and Honour

Efforts to improve the Police system through teaching, research, empowerment and security

Challenges:

- Three major challenges have been identified in the priority of making our soldiers Ayushman by the Modi Government,
  1. Lack of complete planning of Health Services.
  2. Extremely low Housing satisfaction rate.
  3. Exceeding duty limit.

Successful efforts to Solutions

Establishment of National Police University

- Rashtriya Raksha University (RRU) established for teaching, research and conditioning of highly qualified trained service personnel in various parts of police, criminal justice and reform administration.
- This University will promote knowledge and skill development in police, criminal justice and reformative administration areas.
- By taking benefit of information and resources from industries will develop synergy with the private sector.
- It will also set up an excellence centre related to police and security.
Steps in the Welfare of the Police Force

Welfare measures in the interest of CAPF

- Age limit of all CAPF employees of all ranks has been extended from 57 to 60.
- Mobile application has been launched by WARB for grievance redressal.
- There has been large-scale construction of houses to ensure and increase housing satisfaction from 46% to 55% by 2021-2022.
- In the past three years the construction of 13 thousand houses and 113 barracks with the cost of Rs. 7 thousand crores have been approved.
- Apart from this, 29,606 houses are to be constructed in the next 5 years.
- As per the recommendation of the 7th Central Pay Commission, risk and hardship allowance has been increased for CAPF and Assam Rifles personnel.
- Additional HRA with the rate of 16% of basic pay has been given to CAPF deployed in Kashmir Valley since 8th November 2019.
- Every soldier will get to spend at least 100 days with his family.

Recruitment: Increased force with new recruits

- CAPF in General Duty Cadre and 64,640 candidates recruited in Assam Rifles.
- An agreement has been signed between SSC and MHA for the conduction of exams annually for the next five years-(2022-2026)

Ayushman (CAPF) Project

- This scheme started in Assam in January 2021 as a pilot.
- About 35 lacs health cards were distributed to police personnel and their family members.
- All over the country 1,576 CGHS empaneled hospitals and 27,675 AB-

Protect the Interest of women candidates appearing for PET

- The provision for disqualification of female candidates for becoming pregnant has been abolished.
- Their appointment will be extended till the completion of pregnancy and physical efficiency/fitness (PET).
- If found fit in PET, they are appointed to the same post with the benefits of seniority.

Encouragement to NCC cadets for employment

- Provision of bonus marks to NCC certificate holders in the recruitment of SI (GD) and constable (GD).
- 5% for C certificate holders
- 3% for B certificate holders
- 2% for A certificate holders.
**Steps for the Welfare of the Police Force**

**Capacity Strengthening by Expansion of Basic Infrastructure**

**Importance to women**
- Construction of 124 barracks for women is on the anvil and the construction of 109 is in progress.
- Apart from this, the Home Ministry is considering building 443 more barracks for women.

**Border Security Force**
- 135 Border security posts, that have more than 3 acres of land, are being developed in the same manner as composite security posts.
- Renovation of houses or structures that are more than 20 years old.
- Ensuring the availability of drinking water in all border posts especially in Gujarat and Rajasthan.
- Enough funds have been provided to ensure the availability of drinking water at most of the border posts.
- Providing water arrangements at border posts is being considered under the Jal Shakti Scheme.
- Arrangement of electricity and Solar power system is also being done at border posts.
- Approval of Rs.984.57 Crore for acquiring 2807.55 acres of land Rs.4847.53 crores for the basic development of CAPF, Assam Rifles and NSC.
- Sanction of the proposal for construction of SO’s mess with 45 rooms for 56 battalions of ITBP.
- Approval for construction of 3391 houses at different places of ITBP and A.A. and ES has also been issued in July 2020.
Pioneer in hospitality during COVID-19 Epidemic

- Central Police Force played a crucial role, across the country in getting the rules and regulations implemented during lockdown and also has set an example of hospitality by providing public service
- CAPF distributed masks, sanitizers and food packets to common people.
- World’s largest Covid Care Centre, Sardar Patel Covid Care Centre and Hospital, Chhattarpur was equipped with 10000 beds including 500 ICU beds.
- Use of software in the rotational transfer of forces.
- Introduction of E-Apar/Sparrow: To reduce the delay and seamless filing of APAR’.

Centralized Liquor Management System (CLMS) A centralized liquor management system (CLMS) software has been developed that helps in maintaining transparency in liquor management across the forces.

In addition to 42 courses, in the session 2020-2021 80 more professional/technical degree courses have been included in Prime Minister scholarship scheme.

Pradhan Mantri Scholarship Scheme: Under the Prime Minister Scholarship Scheme, 3000/-Rs. Per month for girls and 2500/-Rs. Per month for boys of service and ex-servicemen have been released.

Till now, Rs.74.02 Crores have been given to 582 martyrs/Corona warriors and contributions worth Rs.393 crores have been received till now.

Fund from ‘Bharat ke Veer’: ‘Bharat ke Veer is an online Portal that helps the common people to voluntarily donate to the Central Armed Police Personnel, who have sacrificed their lives.

Air Courier Services: For the officials to travel during vacation/ temporary duty from far-off places, air courier services have been provided from 7 different routes on a daily /weekly basis.

Kendriya Police Kalyan Bhandar (KPKB) At present 119 master stores and 1922 supportive stores are functioning. From June 2020, in the Central Armed Police Stores, instructions have been given to sell only the products that are made in India.

Plantation by Force: During the tree plantation campaign, in the year 2020 one crore and in 2021 2.5 crore saplings have been planted.
Pradhan Mantri Scholarship Scheme. (PMSS)

- This scholarship is for the children and widows of martyrs and personnel of CAPF and Assam Rifles who want to pursue professional courses.
- From 2019, PMSS has been extended to the children of state police officials who sacrificed their lives during terrorist/Naxal attacks.
- Total of 122 technical/vocational courses are eligible for PMSS.

"When the police is responsive then it is concerned for the citizens, when it is sensitive then the citizens are protected and when it is result-oriented then prevention also takes place effectively.

- Shri Amit Shah (Hon’ble Home Minister)
Increase in the Workforce
Continuous Increase in the Personnel Capacity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbolic</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total sanctioned Personnel capacity of Delhi Police</td>
<td>84,536</td>
<td>94,358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total present personnel capacity of Delhi Police</td>
<td>77,479</td>
<td>78,630</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total number of women in Delhi Police</td>
<td>5,713</td>
<td>10,215</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percentage of women in Present personnel capacity</td>
<td>7.4%</td>
<td>13%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A rapid increase in Installation of CCTV cameras in National Capital Region by Delhi Police

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbolic</th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CCTV cameras installed in National Capital Region by Delhi Police</td>
<td>321</td>
<td>1,696</td>
<td>10,311</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Delhi Police has witnessed a Rapid increase in the fleet of vehicles between 2006-2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbolic</th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vehicles</td>
<td>3,763</td>
<td>6,636</td>
<td>9,095</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Military Welfare Measures

During the years 2014-2022, 9,812 posts were created (from inspector to Constables)
- 4,227 posts were created to separate Law and Order from crime investigation
- 3,139 posts for Police Districts/ Police Sub-Division/Police Stations
- 2,388 posts were created for various units of Delhi Police including Police Stations and Police Posts.
**Delhi Police Work Plan:**
12 committees were formed in view of the Delhi Police Action Plan for 2024. These committees presented a road map. Thereafter a co-decadal plan was prepared for the future perspective plan -2030.

- Law and order will be separated from the investigation in all the districts
- PCR Units were merged into districts
- An assessment of the impact of the separation of investigation from law and order was carried out by an independent team.

Training has been brought as a specialized vertical under the Human Resource Division.

- The Perception Management Department was created by the Police.
- A separate welfare department has been created.

**Delhi Police and Health Ministry’s ‘Eat Right’ Scheme:**
A balanced and nutritious diet is provided in Police Canteens.

**OTHER REFORMS**

- Reporting of Crime and Civil services became easy
- Online Registration for e-FIR without any manual action for the theft of motor vehicles and other thefts.
- Online registration for complaints of cybercrime.
- Cyber Crime Reporting facility number 1930
- Installation of 6630 CCTV cameras at 44 sensitive locations by Delhi Police within its jurisdiction of 44 police stations (7 districts)
- Emergency Response support system (ERSS) 112
- 24X7 Public Facility Desk and
- Women's Help Desk in all the Police Stations.
Delhi Police has been accorded approval for procurement of 5000 Joint Venture Protective Carbines at a total cost of 99.74 crores.

Delhi Police has been given approval for continuously engaging social workers at an expenditure of Rs.11.38 lakh for the ‘Violence Free Home-Right of Women Project’.

In 2022 Home Ministry, through MTNL, elevated 104 existing cyber highway locations at the cost of Rs. 19.91 crores.

From 31.05.2019 to 15.04.2022, 5,96,108 women/girls have been trained for self-defence by the Delhi Police through 3494 programmes.

Approval to purchase 11 Mahindra Scorpio vehicles with the cost of 1.18 crores in November 2021.

Approval has been given to the use of an artificial intelligence project for multi-model retrieval from the database working through Indraprastha Information Industry (IIIT) at the cost of 0.43 crores.

Approval to purchase of 04 TATA (41 Seater) CNG buses by Delhi Police at the cost of 90 lakh rupees.

Establishment of CCTNS data centre and disaster recovery centre at the cost of Rs. 42.20 crores by Delhi Police.

Authorisation to purchase 10,997 vehicles (6553 existing + 4444 additional Vehicles) and Delhi Police purchased 1874 new motorcycles in the year 2019-2020.

Licence Department of Delhi Police has converted the Licence book into a smart card.

In February 2020, Under Intelligent Transport Management System (ITMS) red light speed detection system (RLVD) was installed on 24 crossings and 100 over-speed detection cameras (OSVD) were installed on various roads in Delhi.
112 Emergency Response Support System (ERSS)

- ERSS has enabled One Nation-One emergency number facility in the country.
- 112 has been operational in all 36 states and Uts.
- (Till March 2022) The average response time is 20 minutes.
- Till now more than 17.07 crore calls have been handled.
- Almost 10 lacs users have downloaded 112 India app
- More than 45% of the total registered 112 India app users are women.

Safe City Projects

- In the first phase of the safe city project 8 cities (Delhi, Kolkata, Mumbai, Chennai, Hyderabad, Bengaluru, Ahmedabad and Lucknow) were approved.
- Use of drones and installation of CCTV is included to alert the police.
- Smart lighting system installed in the dark passages and crime hot-spots.
- Toilets for women that can be marked on google maps.
- A total of Rs.1, 349.58 crores distributed among related states /UTs.

New Central Citizen Services

- Three new central citizen service portals digitalpolicecitizenservice.gov.in started by National Crime Record Bureau
- Till now 2.45 lakh login has been registered. These services related to women's safety:
  - Allows online search of missing relatives/people, with the help of database, permission to search for information of lost/found people and recovered unknown dead bodies has been provided. 16,419 searches has been done till now.
  - Information on declared criminals: 20,108 citizens have utilized the information about criminals.
Crime and criminal tracking network system (CCTNS)

- CCTNS is now stationed at all (16,453) police stations across the country.
- Provision to reach out to law enforcement officers across the nation
- In CCTNS 7.55 crore, FIR and 5.51 crore charge sheets /including the final report almost 28.73 crore crime records are available.
- All states and UTs have started a citizen service portal on CCTNS.
- Till now 9.81 crore requests have been fulfilled.
- Assistance to women and accessible police stations: 10,425 WHD already started.
- Establishment of Anti human trafficking units in the districts: 696 AHTU are working.
- Inspection of Human Trafficking cases by NIA
- Augmentation of science laboratories
- Distribution of sexual harassment evidence collection kit: 14,950 Sexual harassment evidence collection kit got distributed.
- Training related to Evidence collection: 23,700 officials were trained.
- ITSSO system and
- National database of sexual offense (NDSO): More than 12 lakhs data of perpetrators of sexual offence.
- Ultra modern DNA analysis centre
- National Automatic fingerprint identifying system. (NAFIS)
- Adjournment alert module
- Modus operandi Module

Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2018

- Law to ensure death sentence and other harsh punishments for criminals convicted of rape of girls below the age of 12 years
- Orders to complete investigation and submit charge sheets within 2 months and complete the trial in 2 months.

"Those who don’t change with time, challenges supersede them. We are proud that Delhi Police has changed itself with time and has prepared itself for future challenges.

- Shri Amit Shah
  (Hon’ble Home Minister)"
Effective execution of E-office
Electronic movements of files are taking place on a real-time basis.
Rapid execution to convert all files into e-files
Every joint secretary has to give a description of pending files on a daily basis (review at a fixed time-11 am)

Regular review meetings
Weekly Internal meeting of each subdivision
Regular review of vision document
Ensure the organization of timely DPC meetings in the Home Ministry and related subordinate offices
Reaching the target of Self-sufficient India

Parliamentary work
In 3 years, 20 bills/resolutions were legislated, on which a long discussion of 62 hours and 52 minutes in Lok Sabha and 55 hours and 57 minutes took place in Rajya Sabha. Total 121 hours and 9 minutes of discussion in both houses.
Timely disposal of questions/assurance related to the Parliament
Timely action on acts rules or regulations approved by the parliament but the implementation of which are delayed.

Accountability
RTI disposal
In court cases, from preparing affidavits till the decision comes, monitoring and the process of execution.
Documentation

Classification and documentation of all-important decisions by Hon’ble Home Minister

Monthly update of policy decisions and classification of achievements in the department.

Fast and Timely execution of files

Earliest possible execution of Pending files for 6 months.

Record retention /weeding out/ of all files and registers and other records etc.

Reforms in Home Ministry

Detailed dialogue procedure at the ministry level.

All the work in all divisions is being done in the state language

The scientific identification of issues: The issues that are present in the Home Ministry but they should be handled by another ministry are being transferred to the related ministry.

Presenting timely reports by committees formed, to lessen the burden of compliance on citizens and business activities.

Lessening the number of organizations/trusts/companies that come under the divisions of the Home Ministry

Filling up the vacancies that may occur in the next five years in all the forces and at all levels in the offices that come under the Home Ministry

Arrangements in the Ministry for timely resolving of problems of the people and for better connectivity with people and appointing trained persons to attend the calls of the people.

Decision on arrangement of solar energy for all residences and offices.
From Aspiration to Accomplishment 8 years