EMPOWERING
UTTAR PRADESH
MESSAGE

I am happy to learn that Uttar Pradesh Government is publishing a booklet 'Ek Janpad Ek Utpad' on the occasion of 'Uttar Pradesh Diwas'.

It is the duty of the government to make all efforts for the social and economic development of the citizens and work for their interest and welfare. I am happy to learn that Uttar Pradesh Government is implementing 'Ek Janpad Ek Utpad' Yojana with the aim of achieving comprehensive and balanced economic development of the state.

I hope that as part of the scheme, the Government will take all necessary steps to usher in all-round development and will continue with its efforts to achieve the goal of 'Sabka Sath Sabka Vikas'.

I convey my good wishes for the successful publication for this booklet being published on the occasion of Uttar Pradesh Diwas.

New Delhi
January 24, 2018

(Ram Nath Kovind)
MESSAGE

It is heartening to note that the Government of Uttar Pradesh is formulating and implementing policies on priority, which are designed to create congenial environment for accelerated industrial development and capital investment. Recently announced U.P. Industrial Investment and Employment Promotion Policy and Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Policy, 2017 the government has infused a renewed confidence in entrepreneurs, exporters and artisans of the state.

Traditional crafts, craftsmen, weavers and artisans play an important role in imparting pace to the economic development of the state. Driven by innovative idea and commitment to balanced industrial development, the Government of Uttar Pradesh has decided to implement 'One District-One Product' scheme. This scheme will pave a new way for inclusive development of the state. I am convinced that this scheme can take the state to new heights of economic development by linking the production with tourism, the development of local craft skills and employment opportunities.

I convey my good wishes and full cooperation to Hon’ble Chief Minister of Uttar Pradesh, Shri Yogi Adityanath for adopting this dynamic concept of 'One District-One Product' and its successful implementation.

New Delhi
January 14, 2018

((M. Venkaiah Naidu))
सदेश

उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार द्वारा 24 जनवरी 2018 को ‘एक जनपद एक उत्पाद’ योजना के शुभारम्भ के बारे में जानकर प्रसन्नता हुई है। इस पहल से पं. दीनदयाल उपाध्याय द्वारा समाज के अंतिम पायदान पर खड़े व्यक्ति तक लाम पहुँचाने के विचार को बल मिलेगा।

गांधी जी ग्रामीण विकास के लिए जिन बुनियादी चीजों को आवश्यक समझते थे उनमें ग्राम स्वराज, ग्रामोद्योग और समृद्ध ग्राम विकास प्रमुख हैं। गांधी जी कहते थे कि ‘भारत गांवों में बसता है’। भारत के विकास के लिए गांवों का विकास करना आवश्यक है। हमें यात्रा में गांवों को साथ लेकर चलने और किसानों की आय को दोगुनी करने के लिए सरकार प्रतिबद्ध है।

उत्तर प्रदेश के समृद्ध कार्यकर्ताओं ने अपनी उत्कृष्ट कला से देश में एक अलग पहचान बनाई है। हर जनपद को किसी विशेष उत्पाद के लिए जाना जाता है। युवा आरआर है कि योगी आदित्यनाथ जी की ‘एक जनपद एक उत्पाद’ की अवधारणा में मिलेंगे वर्गों, महिलाओं और युवाओं को विशेष लाम पहुँचेगा। हर जनपद विकास की एक नई कहानी लिखेगा और अपारंतिक क्षेत्रीय विकास दूर करने में मदद मिलेगी।

इस महत्वपूर्ण और दूरगामी परियोजना देने गांव पहले के लिए में उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार को बधाई देता हूं। ‘एक जनपद एक उत्पाद’ योजना की सफलता के लिए शुभकामनाएं।

(नरेंद्र मोदी)
संदेश

मुझे यह जानकर अतीव प्रसन्नता हुई कि सूक्ष्म, लघु एवं मध्यम उद्यम तथा निर्यात प्रोत्साहन विभाग, उत्तर प्रदेश द्वारा 10 अगस्त, 2018 को इन्दिरा गांधी प्रतिष्ठान, लखनऊ में ‘एक जनपद—एक उत्पाद समिट’ का आयोजन किया जा रहा है। समिट का उद्देश्य माननीय राष्ट्रपति श्री राम नाथ कोविंद द्वारा किया जायेगा, जिससे कार्यक्रम की गरिमा ओर बढ़ गई है। इस अवसर को स्मरणीय बनाने के लिए एक ‘काफी टेबल बुक’ का विमोचन भी किया जायेगा।

मेरा मानना है कि ‘एक जनपद—एक उत्पाद’ योजना एक महत्वपूर्ण योजना है, जिसके माध्यम से पारम्परिक कला कौशल एवं सांस्कृतिक विरासत को बढ़ावा देने के साथ-साथ रोजगार सुधार होगा। इस योजना को सफल बनाने के लिये अन्तरराष्ट्रीय मांग के अनुसूची कौशल विकास तथा उचित डिजाइन डेवलपमेंट, प्रशिक्षण, विपणन तथा वैज्ञानिक सोच एवं नवोन्मेय के आधार पर नया रूप दिया जा सकता है।

मैं ‘एक जनपद—एक उत्पाद समिट’ की सफलता के लिये अपनी मंगलकामनाएं प्रेषित करता हूँ।

(राम नाईक)
योगी आदित्यनाथ
मुख्यमंत्री, उत्तर प्रदेश

दिनांक : 05-08-18

मुझे यह जानकर अत्यन्त प्रसन्नता की अनुमति हो रही है कि दिनांक 10 अगस्त, 2018 को लखनऊ में ‘वन डिस्ट्रैक्ट—वन प्रोडक्ट’ समिट का आयोजन किया जा रहा है। इस अवसर पर एक ‘कॉफी टेबल बुक’ भी प्रकाशित होगी।

उत्तर प्रदेश प्राकृतिक एवं मानवीय संसाधनों की दृष्टि से विकास की अपार समस्याओं को समर्पित हुए हैं। इस संसाधनों का कुरालतम उपयोग करते हुए प्रदेश के समस्त एवं समावेशी आर्थिक विकास तथा जनमानस के जीवन रत्न के उन्नयन के उद्देश्य से राज्य सरकार द्वारा दिनांक 24 जनवरी, 2018 को उत्तर प्रदेश दिवस के अवसर पर ‘एक जनपद —एक उत्पाद’ कार्यक्रम प्रारंभ किया गया है।

‘एक जनपद —एक उत्पाद’ कार्यक्रम के बहुआयामी लाभों के तृदंगत प्रदेश सरकार इसके सफल एवं प्रभावी किरायन सेवा गम्भीरता से प्रायास कर रही है। भारत सरकार तथा राज्य सरकार द्वारा संचालित विभिन्न योजनाओं जैसे प्रादेशिक शैक्षणिक योजना, मुद्रा योजना, मुख्यमंत्री पुरुष स्वरुप योजना, विश्वसनीय श्रम समान आदि के साथ ‘एक जनपद —एक उत्पाद’ कार्यक्रम समन्वय करते हुए इस कार्यक्रम से जुडे समस्त हितराष्ट्रीयों के साथ किया जा रहा है। इस समिट में ‘एक जनपद —एक उत्पाद’ कार्यक्रम के अंतर्गत विभिन्न जनपदों के चयनित उत्पादों के विकास से जुड़ी नयी योजनाओं का शुभारम्भ किया जाएगा तथा उत्पादों की बाजारित एवं लोकप्रियता बढाने हेतु प्रदेश तथा राज्य सरकारों द्वारा विभिन्न उद्योगों के साथ तकनीकी सत्र, मुद्रा रूप वितरण आदि कार्यक्रम के साथ समन्वय होगा।

योगी विश्वास है कि ‘एक जनपद —एक उत्पाद’ कार्यक्रम के सफल किरायन सेवा में यह समिट अत्यन्त उपयोगी एवं मांग—वर्षक सिद्ध होगी।

‘एक जनपद —एक उत्पाद’ समिट की सफलता तथा ‘कॉफी टेबल बुक’ के उद्देश्यपरक प्रकाशन हेतु मेरी हार्दिक शुभकामनाएं।

योगी आदित्यनाथ
MESSAGE

प्रदेश सरकार प्रदेश के समग्र विकास हेतु वृद्धि एवं निर्मित्र प्रयास शील है। सरकार द्वारा ‘‘सूक्ष्म, लघु एवं मध्यम उद्यम नीति’’ तथा ‘‘अवस्थापना एवं आयोगिक विकास नीति’’ का प्राथ्म्यापन करते हुए उद्यमी हितों में नीतियों एवं योजनाओं का क्रियान्वयन किया जा रहा है।

राज्य में विशाल मानव संसाधन की ऊर्जा, परस्परांगत कारोबारों की कुशलता तथा प्रत्येक जनपद के एकाधिक उद्यान विशेष की प्रसिद्धि अथवा विकास की सम्बन्धानीता है। इस क्रम में माननीय मुख्यमंत्री जी की प्रेरणा एवं मार्गदर्शन से प्रदेश के सर्वाधिक विकास के उद्देश्य से ‘‘एक जनपद एक उद्यान’’ कार्यक्रम का शुभारंभ किया गया। इसका मुख्य उद्देश्य स्थानीय स्तर पर रोजगार सुधार, उद्याप विकास हेतु वित्त धारण, प्रशिक्षण, तकनीकी सहयोग, विभाग के लिए आदि उपलब्ध कराने हुए राष्ट्रीय एवं अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय बाजारों में प्राप्त सूचना उत्तर प्रदेश का स्थापित करना है। इसके क्रियान्वयन से न केवल प्रदेश में रोजगार सुधार एवं लोगों की आय एवं क्षेत्र राष्ट्रीय एवं अन्तरराष्ट्रीय स्तर पर प्रदेश की प्रतिष्ठा में वृद्धि होगी।

भारत सरकार तथा राज्य सरकार की रोजगार सुधार, कौशल विकास एवं वित्त पोषण की योजनाओं के साथ समन्वय में हुए कार्यक्रम के उद्देश्यों की पूर्ति हेतु विभाग निरन्तर प्रयत्न शील है। इसी कड़ी में कार्यक्रम के उद्देश्यों की पूर्ति हेतु विभाग निरन्तर प्रयत्न शील है। इसी कड़ी में कार्यक्रम के हित धारकों के साथ ‘‘एक जनपद-एक उद्यान समिट’’ का आयोजन किया जा रहा है। इसमें नयी योजनाओं के शुभारंभ के साथ वित्त पोषण, प्रशिक्षण, तकनीकी सहयोग, विभाग, उद्यान विकास आदि विषयों पर विशेषज्ञों के साथ विचार-विमर्श किया जायेगा।

‘‘एक जनपद-एक उद्यान समिट’’ के आयोजन हेतु माननीय मुख्यमंत्री जी की प्रगतिशील एवं जनोपयोगी दृष्टिकोण के प्रति आम्बर प्रकट करता हूं एवं इसके कुशल नैतूरल में इस कार्यक्रम के उद्देश्यों को पूरा करने का संकल्प लेता हूं।

मैं माननीय मुख्यमंत्री जी की विशाल दिशा में हित हारकों तक पहुँचाया जायेगा ताकि प्रदेश में संतुलित तकनीकी से लघू उद्यमों का विकास होता रहे। साथ ही इस कार्यक्रम के सकल आयोजन हेतु सूचकांश अंतरराष्ट्रीय क्रियान्वयन करता हूं।

(Satyadev Pachauri)
उत्तर प्रदेश प्राकृतिक, मौसमिक एवं सांस्कृतिक विविधता जनित उत्पादों की समृद्धता तथा उत्कृष्ट हस्तशिल्प की परम्परा के लिए वाद्य-शाल्क एवं अन्तर्वर्तित वर्तमान चक्र का ग्रहात्मक है। उत्तर प्रदेश का प्रत्येक जनमद अपने विशिष्ट परस्परसंगत उत्पादों के लिए पहचाना जाता है।

युवा अत्यन्त प्रसन्नता हो रही है कि माननीय मुख्यमंत्री जी की प्रेरणा एवं प्रोत्साहन से प्रदेश में इन विशिष्ट पहचान वाले उत्पादों को विकास के शीर्ष पर पहुंचाने हेतु सूचना, लघु एवं मध्यम उद्यम तथा नियत प्रोत्साहन विभाग के अधीन 'एक जनपद-एक उत्पाद' कार्यक्रम का शुभारंभ किया गया है।

इसी क्रम में कार्यक्रम के समृद्ध क्वियांच्यन को गति देने एवं समस्त हितरक्षकों के साथ अग्रेत तत्कालीन क्वियांच्यन रणनीति पर विचार विवेचन गठित में 'एक जनपद-एक उत्पाद समिट' का आयोजन किया जा रहा है। इस अवसर पर प्रोत्साहनात्मक योजनाओं का शुभारंभ एवं जनपदों के विभिन्न उत्पादों का प्रदर्शन तथा उत्पादों की ब्रांडिंग, मार्केटिंग, क्रेडिट एवं फाइनेंस, कोशिला विकास, जैसे महत्वपूर्ण विषयों पर विशेषज्ञों द्वारा मार्ग-दर्शन किया जायेगा।

में इस कार्यक्रम के सफल आयोजन हेतु शुभकामनाएं प्रेषित करता हूँ तथा विश्वास प्रकट करता हूँ कि यह आयोजन 'एक जनपद-एक उत्पाद' कार्यक्रम के उद्देश्यों की पूर्ति में महत्वपूर्ण योगदान करेगा।

(Anup Chandra Pandey)
CONCEPT

'One District – One Product' Uttar Pradesh

Spread over an area of 2,40,928 square kilometer, Uttar Pradesh is the fourth largest state of India in terms of area comprising 7.3% of total area of the country. It is also the largest state in terms of population with 2011 census count of 19.98 crores which is about 16.5% of the total population of the country. In terms of size of the economy, state ranks third in the country having a share of 8.4% with GDP of 11,45,234 Cr in the year 2015-16.

MSME sector plays an important role in the economy of the state and is significant contributor to capital investment, production and employment. In terms of numbers of MSME units (about 46 lakh units, 8%), Uttar Pradesh stands first in the country. This sector, in the state as well as India, is the largest contributor to employment after agriculture. Uttar Pradesh has been a leading state in the export of handicrafts, processed food, engineering goods, carpet, readymade garments and leather products.

The export of handicrafts from Uttar Pradesh contributes 44% to total exports of handicrafts from the country. Similarly, this contribution stands at a significant 39% in carpets and 26% in leather and leather products. The share of Uttar Pradesh in total exports from the country is 4.73%. Almost each district in the state has one or more unique products- be it in the handicrafts, handlooms or agriculture/horticulture produce or small enterprises, with distinct identity at national and international levels. For example, the silk sarees of Varanasi, the handicraft items of brass from Moradabad, the flute of Pilibhit, the artifacts of Shajar stone from Banda and Kala Namak rice from Siddhartha Nagar need no introduction. There is immense possibility to promote the marketing efforts to create more opportunity of employment and to add to the existing income levels of artisans/workers engaged in these sectors.

Keeping above in view, it has been decided to launch the scheme in the name of 'One District – One Product' in the State. The main objectives of this scheme are as follows:

- Preservation and development of local crafts/skills and promotion of the art.
- Addition in the incomes and local employment (resulting in decline in migration for employment).
- Improvement in product quality and skill development.
- Transforming the products in an artistic way (through packaging, branding).
- To connect the production with tourism (Live demo and sale outlet-gifts and souvenir).
- To resolve the issues of economic difference and regional imbalance.
- To take the concept of ODOP to national and international level after successful implementation at State level.
In case of more than one product having distinct identity from a district, the product with potential of generating more employment and development has been selected in the first stage. Gradually, other product will also be included under the purview of scheme.

Regarding execution of the scheme, following actions are to be taken for products from each districts:

- To prepare database regarding circulation, stakeholders, total production, export, availability of raw material and to arrange training.
- Research of possibilities regarding production, development, marketing of the product.
- To prepare a micro plan for product development, marketing promotion and to provide additional opportunities of employment and wage increment of the concerned artisans and workers.
- To provide advertising, publicity, and marketing promotion at district, state national and international level.
- Necessary coordination with MUDRA, PMEGP, Stand UP Schemes of GOI as well as Mukhy Mantri Yuva Swarojgar Yojna and Vishwakarma Shram Samman Yojna of GoUP for providing required finance to new and existing units. To start new schemes for the purpose as needed.
- To setup Co-operatives and Self Help Groups.
- General and technical training of the craft and technology development.

This book is an attempt to display the identified products from each district which is a part of the ODOP program so that more and more people may know about the rich cultural heritage of the State and the unique skills and talent found here. It is also an opportunity for people to associate themselves with the conservation and promotion of this heritage. It is a chance for them to contribute in the development of the State.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.NO.</th>
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<th>PRODUCT NAME</th>
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<td>2.</td>
<td>Aligarh</td>
<td>Lock and Hardware</td>
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<td>3.</td>
<td>Allahabad</td>
<td>Moonj Products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Ambedkar Nagar</td>
<td>Textile Products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Amethi</td>
<td>Moonj Products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Amroha</td>
<td>Musical Instrument (Dholak)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Auraiya</td>
<td>Food Processing (Desi Ghee)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Azamgarh</td>
<td>Black Clay Pottery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Budaun</td>
<td>Zari-Zardozi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Baghpath</td>
<td>Home Furnishings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Bahraich</td>
<td>Crafts (Wheat Stalk)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Ballia</td>
<td>Bindi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Balrampur</td>
<td>Food Processing (Pulses)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.</td>
<td>Banda</td>
<td>Shazar Stone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>Barabanki</td>
<td>Textile Products (Stole)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Bareilly</td>
<td>Zari-Zardozi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.</td>
<td>Basti</td>
<td>Wood Craft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.</td>
<td>Bhadoi</td>
<td>Carpet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.</td>
<td>Bulandshahar</td>
<td>Pottery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.</td>
<td>Chandauli</td>
<td>Zari-Zardozi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.</td>
<td>Chitrakoot</td>
<td>Wooden Toys</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23.</td>
<td>Deoria</td>
<td>Decorative Product</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.</td>
<td>Etawah</td>
<td>Textile Products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25.</td>
<td>Etah</td>
<td>Ghungroo Ghanti (Brass Bell)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26.</td>
<td>Faizabad</td>
<td>Jaggery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27.</td>
<td>Farrukhabad</td>
<td>Block Printing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28.</td>
<td>Fatehpur</td>
<td>Bed Sheets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29.</td>
<td>Firozabad</td>
<td>Glass Ware</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30.</td>
<td>Gautam Budh Nagar</td>
<td>Readymade Garments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31.</td>
<td>Ghazipur</td>
<td>Wall Hanging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32.</td>
<td>Ghaziabad</td>
<td>Engineering Goods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33.</td>
<td>Gonda</td>
<td>Food Processing (Pulses)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34.</td>
<td>Gorakhpur</td>
<td>Terracotta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35.</td>
<td>Hamirpur</td>
<td>Leather Juti</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36.</td>
<td>Hapur</td>
<td>Home Furnishing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37.</td>
<td>Hardoi</td>
<td>Handloom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38.</td>
<td>Hathras</td>
<td>Hing 'Asafoetida'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39.</td>
<td>Jalaun</td>
<td>Handmade Paper Art</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40.</td>
<td>Jaunpur</td>
<td>Dari, Carpet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41.</td>
<td>Jhansi</td>
<td>Soft Toys</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42.</td>
<td>Kannauj</td>
<td>Scent/Itar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43.</td>
<td>Kanpur Dehat</td>
<td>Utensils</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44.</td>
<td>Kanpur Nagar</td>
<td>Leather Products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45.</td>
<td>Kasganj</td>
<td>Zari-Zardozi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46.</td>
<td>Kaushambi</td>
<td>Food Processing (Banana)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47.</td>
<td>Kushinagar</td>
<td>Banana Fiber Products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48.</td>
<td>Lakhimpur Kheri</td>
<td>Tribal Craft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49.</td>
<td>Lalitpur</td>
<td>Zari Silk Sarees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50.</td>
<td>Lucknow</td>
<td>Chikan Kari &amp; Zari-Zardozi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51.</td>
<td>Maharaj Ganj</td>
<td>Furniture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52.</td>
<td>Mahoba</td>
<td>Gaura Stone Craft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53.</td>
<td>Mainpuri</td>
<td>Tarkashi Art</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54.</td>
<td>Mathura</td>
<td>Sanitary Fittings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55.</td>
<td>Mau</td>
<td>Powerloom Textile</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56.</td>
<td>Meerut</td>
<td>Sports Products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57.</td>
<td>Mirzapur</td>
<td>Carpets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58.</td>
<td>Moradabad</td>
<td>Metal Craft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59.</td>
<td>Muzaffarnagar</td>
<td>Jaggery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60.</td>
<td>Philibhit</td>
<td>Flute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61.</td>
<td>Pratapgarh</td>
<td>Aamla Products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62.</td>
<td>Raebareli</td>
<td>Wood Crafts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63.</td>
<td>Rampur</td>
<td>Patch Work</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64.</td>
<td>Saharanpur</td>
<td>Wood Crafting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65.</td>
<td>Sambhal</td>
<td>Handicraft (Horn Bone)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66.</td>
<td>Sant Kabir Nagar</td>
<td>Brassware Craft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67.</td>
<td>Shahjanpur</td>
<td>Zari-Zardozi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68.</td>
<td>Shamii</td>
<td>Rim and Axle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69.</td>
<td>Shrvasti</td>
<td>Tribal Craft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70.</td>
<td>Siddharthnagar</td>
<td>Kala Namak Rice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71.</td>
<td>Sitapur</td>
<td>Dari, Carpet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72.</td>
<td>Sonbhadra</td>
<td>Kaleen, Carpets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73.</td>
<td>Sultanpur</td>
<td>Moonj Products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74.</td>
<td>Unnao</td>
<td>Zari-Zardozi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75.</td>
<td>Varanasi</td>
<td>Banarasi Silk Sarees</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Agra is popular for its leather work. A variety of leather products, including footwear, belt, bags are manufactured here. The raw material is mainly imported from Kanpur, Kolkata, Chennai, Taiwan and China among others. There are potential possibilities for the quality enhancement of leather products manufactured in the district. Micro, small and medium enterprises are engaged in this work. This industry can be developed with diversified products. At present, there is a need to adopt measures such as establishment of design labs and testing facilities for the development of leather industry.
Aligarh
LOCKS AND HARDWARE

The locks manufactured in Aligarh are immensely popular all over the country. Padlocks, door locks, multislot, bicycle locks, multipurpose locks, etc. are produced in the district. Locks and hardware production is the cottage industry here.
Allahabad

MOONJ PRODUCTS

The Naini area of Allahabad is known for its Moonj craft. Easy availability of raw materials has enabled this craft to flourish in the district. The market is flooded with a variety of products made from moonj like basket (daliya), coaster stand, bags, decorative items and more. Eco-friendly moonj products have the potential to do well in the national as well as international markets.
Ambedkar Nagar
TEXTILE PRODUCTS

Production of garments through power loom is mainly done in the Tanda area of Ambedkar Nagar. For about 50 years, almost every family in Tanda is associated with this work in one way or the other. Powerloom-textile production provides employment to around 43000 artisans.
A naturally growing perennial grass, known as Sarpat in the local dialect, is found in the lowlands of the district. Locals are engaged in making various types of decorative and household products from moonj such as foot-mats, carry bags, stools, ropes, pen stands, chairs, tables etc. The craftsmen make these products without using any advanced equipments.
Amroha

MUSICAL INSTRUMENT, DHOLAK

There are around 300 small units producing wood based drum instrument (Dholak) in the district, which provide employment to over 1000 artisans. The Dholak is played with a stick. Owing to social development, the scope of this unique musical instrument has expanded.
The Auraiya district is located in the southern part of the state. Animal husbandry is very prominent here. The district is a major producer of pure desi ghee. The ghee produced here is also sent to other states for sale.
Azamgarh
BLACK CLAY POTTERY

Black pottery is made in Nizamabad area of the district. A special type of soil is used for this craft. Around 200 artisans are engaged in making black pottery here. A variety of products, including vases, utensils etc. are made by them. There is a high demand for this craft for decorative as well as utility items.
Budaun is famous for its zari-zardosi products. This work is prominent in Tahsil Badaun, Bisoli, and Datganj. Almost 35 per cent of the families are engaged in this industry. The Zardozi industry is largely cottage industry. Raw materials used for this craft include silk, kardana pearl, kora kasab, fish wire, nakshi, nos, pearls, tubes, chandla, jarkan noori, leaves, mirrors, golden chain etc. Locally, this work is also known as Karchobi.
Baghpat

HOME FURNISHINGS

The handloom business has been going on in Khekada for many years. The handloom units have now been converted to power loom. Curtains, kitchen towel, table cover, pillow cushions and other furnishing products made in this area are widely known.
Bahraich

WHEAT-STALK HANDICRAFTS

The wheat-stalk handicraft products made in the district have gained immense popularity. Craftsmen in the region make unique artworks in which the shape of the drawings is prepared on the cloth frames using wheat stalk. The brightness of these artefacts increases with time. Three craftsmen of Bahraich have been honoured with the state award for this craft.
Ballia
BINDI (TIKULI)

The Bindi (Tikuli) industry is present in Maniyar block of the district. A number of bindi cottage industries have been operating here for several years. The product is traded locally as well as in different parts of the country.
Balrampur

FOOD PROCESSING (PULSES)

Balrampur is a lowland area where small lentil pulses are cultivated as cash crops. Five different types of small lentil varieties are found here. The high quality lentil pulses of Balrampur are sold in other parts of the state as well as in Bengal and Assam.
Banda

SHAZAR STONE CRAFT

Shazar stone is obtained from Ken river which flows in the west of Banda district in Bundelkhand region. From obtaining the Shazar stone to trimming and shaping it, the craft involves a lot of hard-work and expenditure. This stone is making jewellery and other decorative items.
Barabanki
TEXTILE PRODUCTS

The district is known for fabric knitting through handloom. Owing to the high demand of cotton clothing, there is also a huge demand for handloom products prepared using traditional technology. Weaving is done in urban as well as rural areas of the district. Presently, about 11200 weavers are involved in textile weaving in the district.
Bareilly

ZARI-ZARDOZI

Zari work is made from three types of threads—gold, silk and silver. Presently, thousands of micro and small units are involved in the work of Zari-Zardozi in the district. As many as two lakh people are engaged in this work, directly or indirectly. Several items with zari-zardozi work can be found in the market like dresses, scarves, handbags, jackets, saris, lehngas etc.
Basti WOOD CRAFT

Wood craft is very prominent in this district. Various products including sofa sets, beds, etc are manufactured here. The district has sufficient availability of raw materials for wood craft.
Bhadohi district is world famous for the production and export of carpets with distinctive and outstanding designs. There are approximately 63,000 artisans in the district who are associated with this work. The total number of looms in the district is more than 1 lakh and over 500 export units are established here. Handmade carpets are very popular in luxury markets internationally.
Bijnor  
WOOD CRAFT

The village of district named as 'Nagina' is famous by the word “Jewellery”. The wood carving done here has earned it the name of “wood craft city” globally. Even today, the craftsmen traditionally obtain the wood used in this craft and make beautiful decorative items from it.
Bulandshahar POTTERY

Traditional pottery in Khurja of Bulandshahar dates back to the reign of King Ferozshah Tughlaq. It began with display of blue art on ceramic pots. The district has around 350 units in pottery industry. These units provide direct and indirect employment.
Chandauli

ZARI-ZARDOZI

Most of the Zari work on sarees is done by craftsmen of villages Gopallapur, Dulhipur, Satpokhri, Sinkandarpur and Ketsar in the district. Presently, zari work is a 'job work' in the district. The craftsmen here work for the units located in Varanasi.
Chitrakoot
WOODEN TOYS

Due to being a forest area, there is abundance of wood (raw material) in Chitrakoot. A large number of craftsmen in this district are engaged in making wooden toys. The toys produced here are sent to different districts of the state for sale as well as for fairs and exhibitions.
Deoria
DECORATIVE PRODUCTS

The district is famous for knitting and embroidery work on home furnishings and other decorative items such as chandeliers, skirting, curtains and more. These products are sent to be sold in local markets as well as for sale in Bihar and other parts of the country.
Etawah TEXTILE PRODUCTS

Textile production is carried out on a large scale in Etawah. The craft of block printing on garments through handheld tools is prominent here. The craftsmen primarily make products like cushion covers, pillow covers, Gamcha/angocha, bed sheets etc. There is a great scope for this craft to flourish and prosper owing to the high demand of designer clothes printed in Etawah.
Etah
GHUNGROO AND GHANTI, BRASS BELLS

Jalesar is a historic town, which was the capital of Magadha king Jarasandha. The district is mainly known for production of brass bells or Ghungroo Ghanti. The materials used for making the bells, such as mud, white powder and brass are in abundance in this area.
Jaggery making in Faizabad is being carried out traditionally since generations. 20% of the total agricultural land of the district is used for sugarcane cultivation. The district mainly produces jaggery and jaggery-products like sesame gajak, laddoo, chikki, gudkaj ladoo etc. Sugarcane, the raw material required for making jaggery, is present here in abundance.
Farrukhabad

BLOCK PRINTING

Farrukhabad is known for its block printing (made of wood and brass). These blocks are used on various items including blanket covers, shawls, sarees, suits, scarfs, stoles etc. The products made here are in demand not only in India but also in U.S., Brazil and several Asian and European countries.
Fatehpur

BEDSHEETS

There are a number of units associated with textile industry in Fatehpur. These units manufacture products like towels, cloth for making jeans and bed sheets. The products made here have a unique place in national as well as international markets. The industry has a great scope of expansion owing to the high demand of designer clothes/bed sheets manufactured here.
The artisans in this district are engaged in manufacturing glassware. They use a special traditional technique called 'Mouth-Blowing' for making various products such as lantern, Christmas tree, kitchenware and various decorative items. Approximately 20,000 artisans make a variety of glassware in the district.
Gautambudh Nagar

READYMADE GARMENTS

Gautam Budh Nagar is also known as the 'City of Apparel'. Approximately, lakhs of people are employed in this industry, out of which around 60 per cent workers are women. As many as 2500 readymade garment factories are present in Gautam Budh Nagar. Finished goods are exported abroad. An Apparel Training Center has been established here to provide skilled craftsmen to all the units engaged in garment factories.
Ghazipur

JUTE WALL HANGINGS HANGINGS

For the past several years, the craftsmen of Ghazipur district have been engaged in making jute wall hangings using traditional techniques. This product is also exported to other regions. In order to enhance the production of this exclusive craft, there is a need to ensure easy availability of raw materials and provide adequate training for product development and marketing.
Ghaziabad

ENGINEERING GOODS

There are a number of engineering industries in the district of Ghaziabad. Units manufacturing automobile spare parts, sugar mills, machinery parts, lift, and furnishing are present here. The region is known for manufacture and export of machinery parts and machines. Rolls, gears, shafts, steals tubes etc. are constructed by various forging units of the district.
Gonda

FOOD PROCESSING (PULSES)

Cultivation of pulses, sugarcane, maize, paddy etc. is prominent in Gonda as it is a lowland area. Lentils are cultivated here on a large scale. Many traditional dishes are prepared using pulses.
Gorakhpur

Terracotta is a very unique and special kind of ceramic craft. Traditionally, what makes it different from other terracotta crafts is that it involves ornamentation, use of natural colours/dyes and experimentation with innovative shapes. The raw material used for this craft is a type of soil available locally. It gives the item a natural colour. Around 200 households are engaged in this work.
Hamirpur SHOES

Sumperpur town of the Hamirpur district has been known for its production of leather shoes or juti which is completely handmade. Technical training and financial aid is required for ensuring high quality production and promotion of this industry.
Hapur

HOME FURNISHINGS

The Pilkhua region of the district is known as the 'power loom city' of India. Decorative and household items like curtains, kitchen towel, table cover, cushions etc made here with handloom/power loom are quite in demand all over the world. Block printing, bedsheets etc are made here. The industry has provided direct and indirect employment to 10,000 people.
In the district, weavers are engaged in plain cloth weaving and making products like lion-cloth, Gamcha, shirts and more. The weavers in the Mallawa region manufacture products worth 70 crores every year. This sector provides employment to approximately five thousand weavers.
Hathras has been a large scale producer of asafoetida or hing since the last 100 years. This has given the district a distinct identity. Raw asafoetida is mainly imported from countries like Afghanistan, Tajikistan, Uzbekistan among others. Various communities in Hathras are involved in production of asafoetida. There is a need to replace obsolete processing machinery with latest machines and technology to boost the production.
Jalaun
HANDMADE PAPERS

The craft of making handmade papers from junk paper and cloth strings is prominent in Kalpinagar, situated on the banks of Jamuna River in the district. This paper is used to make a variety of products such as office files, carry bags, absorption papers, visiting cards and more. The quality of production can be improved by using modern technology and methods.
Jaunpur

WOOLEN CARPETS, DARI

The craft of making woollen carpets or dari using traditional techniques has been going on since centuries in the region adjacent to Madhiyah tehsil of the district. The products made by the craftsmen here are also exported to other regions. Employment is generated through this craft.
Presently, there are over 50 soft toys manufacturing units in Jhansi which have lead to the creation of jobs. The materials used for making these toys include polycloth, nylax cloth, fiber etc. The toys made in Jhansi are supplied to major cities such as Delhi for sale.
Kannauj- is popularly known as the 'perfume city'. Though there is a plethora of attars, kannauj produces only six types of perfumes-rose, bela, mogra, mehendi, Hina shamama and mitti. The century old method of extracting perfume is used which involves boiling flowers in a copper vessel and later, considering the vapours with cold water. The 'suras' and aroma development center (FFDC) in the district has been operational since 1991.
Kanpur Dehat
ALUMINIUM UTENSILS

The Pukhrayan region of the district is known for the utensils produced here. Various products made from aluminium (e.g. vessels, tanks, spoons, kettles) and steel (e.g. buckets, plates, glasses, spoons and pressure cooker) are made. These are sold in local markets as well as in other districts like Jhansi, Hamipur, Banda, Kanpur, Auraiya, Etawah and more.
Kanpur Nagar

LEATHER PRODUCTS

Kanpur city is the largest centre of leather industry in the country. A variety of leather products like footwear, belts, purses, slippers, garments, saddles are made here. Kanpur city contributes over 20 per cent of the total leather and leather goods export of India. The products made here are exported to various countries including several US and European countries.
Kasganj

ZARI ZARDOZI

Even though Zardozi craft is prevalent from the Mughal era, work related to embroidery, hand embroidery, muga pearls, silk etc. was also prevalent in years before that. The unique hand embroidered coral pearl has a place of its own. About 65 thousand artisans in the district are presently engaged in this craft. Their work is in demand at national as well as international level.
Kaushambi

FOOD PROCESSING, BANANA

Bananas are cultivated on a large scale in the district and this makes it possible for associated/similar industries to flourish here. The food processing units produce a variety of items including banana chips, beauty products, toiletries etc. These units provide direct as well as indirect employment to a large number of people.
Kushinagar

FIBER PRODUCTS BANANA

The banana fiber is used for making threads, carrybags, filaments and organic compost. The industry has very promising prospects in districts owing to the abundant cultivation of banana in the district.
Lakhimpur Kheri

TRIBAL CRAFT

The Tharu tribe of district is engaged in making traditional craft items with the help of hand-made tools. The items made by these craftsmen are sent to Dhudhva national Park as well as district level, state level and national level exhibitions.
Lalitpur

ZARI SILK SAREES

There are around 400 weavers who are engaged in making silk sarees in this district. These elegant sarees are known all over the world for their transparency, exquisite designs and engraved buti work. These are supplied to be sold in all major cities of the country. As many as 5000 cotton and silk sarees are made here every year.
Chikankari is a traditional embroidery done using a needle and several types of threads whereas zari-zardozi work is made with golden and shiny sequins and other decorative materials. Chikankari and Zari-Zardozi work are registered in the G.I. Lucknow embroidery is popular all over the world. The craft provides employment to a number of artisans.
Owing to the presence of a large forest area, the district of Maharajganj has sufficient raw material for making various furniture items like chairs, doors beds, sofas, tables, dining tables, dressing tables and more. These items are made by skilled craftsmen. With the use of new technology and methods, the quality of the products can be enhanced and the production can be boosted to meet the demand within the district as well as in other regions.
The Gaura stone craft holds a very special place in the world of art and craft. Gaura stone has a soft texture. It is divided into several pieces which are then used for making various craft items.
Mainpuri
TARKASHI ART

A very unique and artistic product is manufactured by brass wire on Shisham wood. This art is known as Tarkashi and is used for decorating jewellery boxes, name plaque and other similar items.
Sanitary fittings such as taps, etc are produced in the district. The industries manufacture beautiful products with core mechanism and sand die casting method. There are as many as 50 micro and small units involved in production of taps and cocks in the district.
Almost every household in the district has a loom, which is used for making sarees, loincloth, suits etc. The sarees made here are beautifully embroidered by craftsmen with zari yarn. These are in great demand in Uttar Pradesh as well as other states. Mau is known for saree production, zari work and kashidakari work.
Meerut
SPORTS GOODS

The district is the second largest producer of sports goods and accessories in India after Jalandhar. The products made here are quite popular in the country as well as aboard. Small and medium scale units are engaged in producing sports goods. These products have a lot of scope to do well in the export sector.
Mirzapur's carpets and dari hold a very unique place in India as well as the rest of the world. These hand-made carpets are famous for their artistry. These are made in a traditional manner using natural wool. Such intricate designing is only found in hand-made carpets.
Moradabad is known as the 'Brass City.' The designs made on the brass products here display culture, heritage, history and diversity. The patterns and designs used for decorating these items are inspired from a variety of sources, varying from Hindu Gods and Goddesses to paintings of the Mughal Era. The district has domestic units as well as large industries engaged in the manufacture of metal goods. The work of washing, shaping and polishing handicraft metal items is carried out in the domestic units. The exporters in Moradabad have now begun to work with other metals like aluminium, stainless steel, iron etc.
Muzaffarnagar
JAGGERY

Muzaffarnagar is primarily an agriculture based district. For the past 50 years, it is known for its traditionally prepared jaggery. The gud or jaggery made here is also sent for sale in other states like Gujarat, Rajasthan and Haryana.
Pilibhit

FLUTE

The district is famous for its flutes nationally as well as internationally. The raw material used to make bansuri or flute comes from silchar Assam. Pilibhit is the only district in the country known for production of Bansuri.
Pratapgarh

FOOD PROCESSING, AAMLA

The Aamla grown in Pratapgarh is a major part of its identity. Guavas and mangoes are also cultivated in the district on a large scale. There are a number of food processing units in Pratapgarh which manufacture a variety of products including murabba, pickle, jam, jelly, laddoo, candy, powder, juice, aamla powder and more. Currently, a large number of small and medium enterprises are operational in this area. Thousands of people are being employed by these units either directly or indirectly.
There is a considerable amount of wood related work in the district. The wood items manufactured here include household items such as doors, charms, beds, and artistic works such as wooden toys and artwork. The raw material required for wood work is available locally. The market for these products is in local regions and adjoining districts such as Lucknow, Kanpur and Allahabad.
Patchwork and Zari work is the main handicraft of the district. This work is generally considered as 'job work' here. As many as 25000 artisans are associated with this craft.
Saharanpur
WOOD CARVING

Wood craft, which is the main handicraft of this district, is about 400 years old. These products are famous for their beautiful and intricate designs and carvings. Sheesham wood is the main raw material used in this industry. The export of wood carving furniture and handicraft products to various countries is carried out by exporting units in the district.
Sambhal
HORN-BONE HANDICRAFT

The horn-bone handicraft products made in Sambhal are immensely popular. The raw material used for making these craft items is procured from dead animals and that makes this industry environment friendly. Sambhal’s horn and bone products are known all over the world.
The bakhira brassware craft of Sant Kabir Nagar is an ancient craft. The artisans engaged in this craft make various types of artistic utensils and show pieces such as bowls, plates, glasses, vessels, jug, vase, bells and more.
Shahjahanpur

ZARI-ZARDOZI

The main occupation of approximately 80 percent of the population is agriculture based business and industries. Carpet making, zardozi work etc are prominent in the eastern part of the district. Approximately 10,000 to 15,000 artisans are engaged in zardozi work. The zardozi craft is popular since the Mughal Era. Zardozi work on dress material, suit saris, purses, bags, hand bags, shoes, slippers, hats, gowns etc is very popular.
Shamli

RIM AND AXLE

The rim and axle made here is in demand in the national as well as international markets. The products are exported to several countries including Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Nepal and various African nations. There are around 30 units of rim and axle in the district. The industry provides employment to a major percentage of unskilled labour. These products are made using traditional techniques. Modern technology can give a boost to the rim and axle industry here.
Shravasti
TRIBAL CRAFT

The tharu craft is a very old traditional handicraft of the district. The craftsmen make a variety of products including cloth sheets, covers, tablecloth and more. The exquisite embroidery done through patching on women suits by these craftsmen is also quite popular.
Siddharthnagar

FOOD PROCESSING, ‘KALA NAMAK’ RICE

Kala namak rice is a kind of aromatic and soft rice which has a unique identity owing to its special qualities. The district has several hybrid calcareous rice yields. There are more than 45 units operating in the rice industry here.
Sitapur
CARPET, DARI

The district is known for the cotton and woollen carpets (dari) made here. These products come with appealing and artistic designs.
Sonbhadra

CARPET

The elegantly designed carpets of Sonbhadra are immensely popular. These handmade products are known for their artistry and creative designs and patterns. Artisans use traditional methods for making this unique product. This type of intricate designing can only be found on handmade carpets.
Sultanpur

MOONJ PRODUCTS

Around 1,50,000 people of the Nishad community are engaged in working with Badh made of moonj in the district. Moonj badh is used for making a variety of products including ropes, weaved cots, etc. This is a domestic cottage industry. Moonj products are made without using any advanced equipments or technical knowledge. Around 2 to 3 kilogram of badh is made by each worker every day. On an average, 3 to 3.5 lakh quintal badh is produced per month.
Unnao

ZARI-ZARDOZI

A combination of two words- Zar (gold) and Dozi (embroidery). Zari-Zardozi is a form of embroidery using gold threads to embellish various fabrics with studded pearls and precious stones. Gold being costly these days, artisans use a combination of golden or silver coated copper wire. Unnao region is the hub of this art since Mughal era. The art, which once used to embellish the attire of kings and royals, started loosing it’s sheen during British period. This beautiful creative art decorated with sitaars (metal stars), glass & plastic beads and threads like dabkaas stretched over a wooden frame called Adda, has slowly started gaining ground in newer markets. A little more techno-financial assistance would help it regain its past glory.
Varanasi
Banarasi Silk Saree

In keeping with the name of the holy city of Varanasi, the elegant Banarsi silk Sari is a symbol of grandeur and nobility. Varanasi silk is in great demand and is used in home furnishings, silk fabric and other utility products.
U.P. Institute of Design
(An initiative for the development and sustenance of U.P's craft heritage)
Department of M.S.M.E & Export Promotion Bureau
Government of Uttar Pradesh

Inception...

Uttar Pradesh Institute of Design, Lucknow is the first ever design institute of Government of Uttar Pradesh which will be equipped with the latest and modern facilities.

Objective...

Apart from providing degrees, diplomas & certificates in the field of design, UPID also aims to facilitate Design Intervention, Quality Control, Backward Costing, Technical Upgradation & Market Linkage to every craftsmen, weavers and entrepreneurs in order to make our Hon'ble Chief Minister's ambitious project “One District One Product” a great success.
moving forward...

- UPID organised a “Design Conclave & Artisans-Weavers Summit” on 25th & 26th May, 2018 at Deen Dayal Upadhyay Hastkala Sankul, Varanasi where various issues related to Indian handicrafts & handloom have been highlighted by international and national designers and they emphasized upon the importance of design, quality control and costing of the products.
- UPID has launched a Mobile App in order to empower the “One District One Product” project.
- UPID Mobile App is bringing synchronisation and collaboration between designers, weavers, artisans & entrepreneurs.
- New designs from the renowned designers is being uploaded on the Mobile App and artisans/weavers may use them free of cost.
- Data Bank is being prepared of designers, artisans, weavers, craftsmen etc.
- Design workshops has been conducted in Gorakhpur, Agra & Moradabad to provide new designs to the artisans and Electric Pottery Wheels to terracotta artisans and tool kits to artisans of Agra & Moradabad have being distributed to enhance the product quality.

the road ahead...

- UPID will conduct design workshops in whole of Uttar Pradesh under ODOP project, in this continuation UPID has already conducted design workshops in Gorakhpur, Agra and Moradabad.
- Design studios and extension counters in 8 districts of Uttar Pradesh : Lucknow, Kanpur, Moradabad, Agra, Saharanpur, Gorakhpur, Varanasi and Jhansi
- UPID has proposed to set up a 'Handicraft Emporium' for the display of products from various crafts of the state.
- To further provide support to “One District One Product”, the team of UPID is starting a survey of the craft clusters in different districts of the state.